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CITY ITEMS.

Artificial Human Eyes,
Adjusted without pain, by Dr. Spencer, Dentist, 284 Penn street.

New Arrival
Of canned Fruits and Vegetables, and will be sold as cheap as at any other house in either city. Call and examine and judge for yourselves, at No. 112 Federal street, Allegheny City. GEORGE BEAVEN.

Also, Agent for the well-known house of Stephen F. Whitman's celebrated Philadelphia extra fine Cream "Bon Bons," "Chocolates," Almonds, Walnut Candy, Drage Drops, &c., &c.

The Best Conducted Restaurant
In the city, is the Continental Saloon, Fifth street, next door to the Postoffice. Mr. Holtzheimer, the enterprising proprietor, knows how to cater to the hungry public, and has long stood first in the opinion of epicures. All the delicacies of the season are served up at the shortest notice at most reasonable prices. For a good meal, call at the Continental. The daily bill of fare surpasses any offered at the best hotels.

Hazard & Caswell's Cod Liver Oil.
The Purest and Sweetest Cod Liver Oil in the world, manufactured from fresh healthy livers, upon the sea-shore. It is perfectly pure and sweet. Ask for "Hazard & Caswell's Cod Liver Oil," manufactured by CASWELL, MAZE & Co. New York
Sold by all druggists. MW

Ladies' Saloon.
The Ladies' Saloon attached to Holtzheimer's restaurant is the most convenient, and fitting place in the city to take your partner for supper from evening sociables or balls. The saloon is on Fifth street, next door to the Postoffice.

Families
Wishing a first rate article of Young Hyson Hyson Tea, cannot do better than try A. King's best Young Hyson Hyson, the same as many sell at 62½. Call at 172 and 174 Federal street, and try for yourselves.

To Country Merchants.
We are offering full of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, at Eastern prices,
J. W. BARKER & Co., No. 59 Market street,

Go to Fleming's Drug Store,
For Barnett's Standard Preparations of all kinds, cheaper than any other place in the city.

Go to Fleming's Drug Store,
No. 85 Market street, for Brown's Vermifuge Comfits, the best Worm Medicine in use.

Sole Proprietors
Of McClelland & Co's. Rat Destroyer.
KANE & DRUIT,
Druggists, Allegheny.

Patent Medicines.
Patent Medicines for sale by
KANE & DRUIT,
Druggists, Allegheny.

Pure Liberty Lead,
For Sale by KANE & DRUIT,
Druggists, Allegheny.

You Can Buy
Foreign Liquors of all kinds at Joseph S. Finch's Distillery, No. 189, 191, 193 and 195

You Can Buy
98 per cent. Alcohol at Joseph S. Finch's.

You Can Buy
New Hops at Joseph S. Finch's.

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

Robert L. Walpole, a prominent lawyer of Indiana, died yesterday morning.

The *Tribune's* Crete letter, of the 24th ult., says that the insurgents have been successful in two important battles. The whole island is again in arms, and the people are more determined than ever, and will be satisfied with nothing short of annexation to Greece.

A terrible storm prevailed at Atlantic City during the latter part of last week. A portion of the Light House Cottage was inundated. About seventy feet of the building was carried away. Trees were covered the town on Atlantic Avenue as far as the United States hotel and railroad depot. Al, the cedar trees opposite the Light House were carried away. Such a storm has not raged in this vicinity for twenty or thirty years.

D. Appleton & Co., the publishers, have given 100,000 books to the Peabody trustees for use in the South.

The steamer City of Limerick, from England, and Palmyra, from Liverpool, arrived at New York yesterday.

Thurlow Weed took charge of the Commercial *Advertiser* yesterday.

Major G. B. Newton, chief clerk of the Agricultural Department, has resigned.

The Indian delegates are "dead broke" in Washington, and await an appropriation from Congress to enable them to reach home.

Farragut is in Washington.

The Bunker Hill Baptist Church at Boston was partially destroyed by fire yesterday. The work of an incendiary.

Brazer & Co's Elevator, in Chicago, was destroyed by fire yesterday. Loss $15,000.

Mayor Thomas of St. Louis has been renominated by the Radicals.

The "Great Republic" left Evansville yesterday.

The Senate Judiciary Committee will probably report in favor of Senator Wilson's resolution for the trial or release on parole of Jeff. Davis. It is expected that Congress will adopt the resolution, and Davis be released in a week on personal recognizance.

An enthusiastic Fenian meeting was held at Norwich, Conn, yesterday evening. A company of Fenians paraded, and money was collected.

An extensive fire occurred at Ottowa, Canada, on Monday night. Loss estimated at $50,000; insurance, $15,000.

The Fort Phil. Kearney Massacre.

ST. LOUIS, March 25.—The *Republican's* St Joseph special gives the following account of the Fort Phil. Kearney massacre, derived by the Commission from some of the Crow Indians, who received it from the Sioux. The Sioux drew our men out of the fort and killed them. All our men fought like tigers, and could not have been mastered so easily had they not kept so closely together. The contest was long, and when up that the Indians shot arrows and killed several of their own party. The bravery of our bugler is much lauded, he having killed several Indians by beating them on the head with his bugle. They say there were only sixteen Sioux, and four Cheynnes killed on the field, but after they encamped ninety-four warriors died of their wounds, and three hundred others wounded, half of whom they expected would die. One big Sioux chief was among the killed. They mention one man, on a white horse, who cut off an Indian's head with a single stroke of his sabre, and they say when reinforcements left for the battle field, they, the Indians, left, having had enough fighting. There were 2,300 Indians engaged in the fight, and the strength of the concentrated tribes is reported at 4,800 lodges, which are now moving towards the Yellow Stone and Missouri rivers.

French Press Law.

NEW YORK, March 26.—Advices per Nestorian state that in the French Corps Legislatif, the President laid before the House the new bill upon the press and the right of public meetings, following are the principal features of the new press law: The authorization hitherto required to establish a journal is suppressed; the punishment for offences against the press laws is abolished; the amount of the which may be inflicted will not be more than one-fifteenth nor less than one-half the amount of the caution money; printers and publishers are no longer required to take licenses; the bill makes no mention of any change in the amount of stamp duty.

Murder by Burglars in Schuylkill County.

POTTSVILLE, PA., March 25.—On Saturday night four robbers broke into the house of Henry Rapp, a farmer residing near Brighton. A neighbor, named Jacob Johnson, went to Rapp's assistance, when one of the robbers shot him down, and wounded Mr. Mr. Rapp stabbed one of the gang [illegible] then fled.

FIRST EDITION.

ONE O'CLOCK, A. M.

EARLY TELEGRAMS.

HARRISBURG.

PENNSYLVANIA LEGISLATURE.

Consolidation Bill Reported.

POLICE AND FREE BRIDGE BILL KILLED.

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette.

HARRISBURG, March 26, 1867.

SENATE.

Mr. Bigham reported an act to consolidate the cities of Pittsburgh and Allegheny and surrounding districts into one corporation.

An act creating a general jury law and general registry and election law was passed.

Mr. Graham had recalled the act to change the venue in the case of Mr. Millinger.

HOUSE.

The following private bills were passed:

An act to relieve John Tiernan, Treasurer of Fayette county.

An act relating to the County Treasurer of Allegheny county.

An act creating an additional return day for process in the county of Venango.

An act to authorize the Supervisors in Collins township to levy a tax to make sidewalks.

An act to authorize the Burgess and Town Council of Sharpsburg to borrow money to improve said borough.

An act to incorporate the Tidioute Railroad.

A supplement to the Mount Pleasant Railroad act.

An act authorizing turnpike and plank-road companies in Allegheny county not paying dividends to increase their rates of tolls.

An act to authorize the School Directors of the borough of Irvin, in Westmoreland county, to borrow money to build schools.

An act to authorize the School Directors of McKeesport to equalize the payment of bounties.

An act to organize the Monongahela City and Victory Turnpike Road Company.

An act to take the sense of the people of Indiana county on the prohibitory liquor law.

The Pittsburgh City Police bill, and the act to incorporate the Sandusky and Irwin Street Bridge Company were stricken off the calender.

CONGRESS.

WASHINGTON, March 26, 1867.

SENATE.

Mr. HARLAN reported a bill to incorporate the Lincoln Monument Association.

The bill to amend the organization act of Colorado territory was passed.

A joint resolution was introduced to restrain the issue of Agricultural College scrip to States lately in rebellion till they be represented in Congress.

Mr. MORTON opposed the whole system under which the scrip was issued, as placing into the hands of speculators. The bill was passed and goes to the President for his veto.

The bill to fix the 1st of June as the day upon which the bankrupt bill will go into operation was referred to the Judiciary Committee, after the rejection of an amendment changing it to the 1st of January.

The Vice President submitted a communication from the Secretary of the Interior, stating that Department has been notified of any suspension of work by the Union Pacific Road and was unprepared to recommend any legislation. Tabled.

Mr. HOWE reported from the Committee on Claims, with amendments, the House joint resolution in relation to the claims of certain Northern creditors, which was passed.

Mr. SUMNER introduced a bill to enforce several provisions of the Constitution abolishing slavery, declaring immunities of citizens, and guaranteeing a republican form of government by securing the elective franchise to colored citizens. A proviso that every citizen shall have a right to vote in every state or Territory at all elections for Federal, State, or local officers of every kind, on equal terms, without regard to race or color, all State or Territorial constitutions or laws to the contrary notwithstanding. It was ordered to lie on the table and to be printed.

Mr. TRUMBULL reported the House joint resolution for adjournment with an amendment, but by way of substitute, the Judiciary Committee recommend in lieu of the House resolution, that both Houses adjourn on Thursday next at twelve o'clock.

After considerable debate several propositions were made and voted down. Mr. TRUMBULL'S proposition was adopted. Yeas 25, nays 11.

The Senate went into executive session and adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

On motion of Mr. THOMAS, the Attorney General was directed to report whether the title to public property at Harper's Ferry is held in fee simple or merely in trust by the President for specific use.

Mr. SAWYER presented the memorial of the Wisconsin Legislature asking for an appropriation for improving the harbor on Menomonee river. Referred to Committee on Commerce.

On motion of Mr. BENJAMIN, the Secretary of War was directed to furnish copies of the correspondence between Capt. Wakefield, formerly Provost Marshal of the Ninth District of Missouri with the Provost Marshal's Bureau, in reference to the loyalty of the people in that district.

Mr. DONNELLY offered a joint resolution in relation to the mode of payment of mileage and compensation of members and Senators. Referred to the Judiciary Committee.

Mr. GRISWOLD asked leave to offer a resolution directing that not more than four millions shall be withdrawn from circulation in any one month.

Mr. BROOMALL objected.

Mr. EGGLESTON introduced a joint resolution providing for the necessary surveys for the ship canal around the Falls of the Ohio, which was passed.

Mr. SCHENCK introduced a joint resolution authorizing the employment of Brevet Brigadier General Seth Eastman, in the decoration of the capitol. Passed.

Mr. WOODS offered a resolution instructing the Committee on Public Expenditures to inquire whether any legislation was necessary to secure the prompt payment of counties to soldiers, under the law, looking to an increase in the clerical force in the Second Auditor's office. The resolution was adopted.

Mr. BUTLER called the attention of the members to the fact that Mr. Bingham had revised and altered and materially changed the *Globe* reporter's manuscript of the personal debate last week between himself and Mr. Bingham.

Mr. BUTLER then laid on the desk of the members a printed pamphlet, showing the report as written and the report as printed. He characterized this proceeding as most unfair. In defense of his own assertion made the other day, that Mrs. Surratt was hung without sufficient evidence, he offered to read that John Wilkes Booth's diary, which showed all his movements preparatory to the assassination of Mr. Lincoln, which was from the knowledge of the Court, and now it appeared it had been spoliated by having eighteen pages cut out, after it got into the hands of Government. He said there is still remaining in the diary a remarkable instance within two hours before Booth's death, and quoted from memory, as follows: "I have endeavored to cross the Potomac three times and failed. I propose to return to Washington and give myself up and clear myself from this great crime." He contended that this piece of evidence should have been in his possession the whole case. It now shows that Booth up to a certain hour meant the capture and abduction of Lincoln, and that he changed his purpose and resorted to assassination. If Mrs Surratt did not know of this change she would have had no knowledge of the intended assassination, and therefore could not have been convicted. If all the testimony had been presented at the trial we should have had no time to see the accomplices and find out who it was that changed Booth's purpose from capture to assassination; and that would not profit by capture of Lincoln; who it was that should succeed Lincoln in case the assassin's bullet made a vacancy.

Mr. BINGHAM replied: In the excitement and hurry at the time, it so happened that the report of my reply to the gentleman from Ohio was the most imperfect report of remarks ever sent to me of any remarks made by me in this House. Any gentleman can examine it and will fail to find in the corrections a single accusation that is not by express words or by necessary implications in the reporter's notes. I defy his calumny. What change is he complaining of? That I said he had condemned without knowing or caring for evidence. I say so yet. If he is the lawyer he is reputed to be, then he is to be pitied for coming here and arraigning his peers for not consenting to admit the testimony of a man accused made after the fact. I defy him, by any investigation which he dares to institute, here or anywhere else, to show that any communication came into my hands, purporting to be the production of J. Wilkes Booth, that was not made after the fact, and long after the fact. Is there any lawyer in America or England who would say the words and declarations of an accused felon after the fact, is evidence, which the Advocate of the Government is bound to admit in any court? I treat with contempt and scorn any intimation from any quarter, that I or my associate counsel, were under obligation to admit any such evidence; the law does not require it. The common law, the growth and gathered wisdom of a thousand years, excludes it. Perhaps that great monument of wisdom and learning is not equal to the incomparable genius of the incomparable hero of Fort Fisher. (Laughter, which the Speaker attempted to suppress.)

Mr. BUTLER tried to get in a remark here, but Mr. BINGHAM would not let him, adding that the gentleman from Massachusetts had no right to ask favors at his hands.

Mr. BINGHAM continued: I never saw any memoranda by J. Wilkes Booth which indicated any plan or motive by which he was to carry out his projected conspiracy; I never saw any such thing, and I am not surprised that the gentleman would not let me see the book which he put into his pocket.

Mr. BUTLER again essayed to make an explanation, but with no better result.

Mr. BINGHAM said No, sir, I don't care about it. Having refused to let me see the book on which he based his charge, he may now imitate the example seen in the vision of the apocalypse and turn round and eat it. (Laughter.) The gentleman talks of a spoliated book. Who did it? That is about the first original statement which I have offered to the other day. Who killed Cock Robin? Who knows that it is spoliation? Who knows but Booth tore the pages out of it? Was that spoliation? The gentleman's words are as impotent as they are unwarranted. "Let the galled jade wince, my withers are unwrung." I challenge him and dare him, here or anywhere in the Nation, to assert that I spoliated any book. Such a charge as that, without a tittle of evidence, is only fit to come from a man who lives in a bottle and is fed with a spoon. He (Mr. Bingham) was the other day asked a question, and in the [illegible] of his accusation? Is an utter disregard and contempt for all decencies and for all law. Is that I controlled the evidence in the trial, and have now in my hands what is not the official organ of that Court. He knows its recorder was the Judge Advocate General of the United States, and yet I am to be at fault because I did not overrule the official organ of the Court. The gentleman has undertaken a task entirely beyond his powers, and will fail in the thing which he has undertaken to do, that the executors of the War, on his part, in this instance, have failed to measure up to the high and sounding manifest. (Laughter.) Let the gentleman read the argument on that subject, and let him show wherein it is false, or else cease his howling.

Mr. BUTLER tried to make a brief explanation, but Mr. PIKE and others objected.

Mr. HAMILL asked leave to offer a resolution reciting Montgomery Blair's declaration that Mrs. Surratt was improperly convicted, and Mr. Butler's declaration to the same effect, and directing the Judiciary Committee to inquire into the matter. Objections made and the House refused to allow him to let the offering.

Mr. NIBBLOCK introduced a joint resolution in reference to the sale of marine hospital at Evansville. Passed.

Mr. BOUTWELL, from the Judiciary Committee reported back Mr. Donnelly's bill in reference to the pledging of negroes with a substitute, providing that Senators, members and delegates, having taken the oath, shall be entitled to receive their compensation during term. The substitute was agreed to and the bill passed.

Mr. ELDRIDGE, from the Judiciary Committee, reported a bill to amend an act entitled, the meaning of the second section of the act on March 24, 1863, relating to property lost in the military service. Passed.

Mr. LAWRENCE, (Ohio,) from the Judiciary Committee, reported a resolution directing the Secretary of the Interior to withhold from patent all claims under the title of the rancho grants in California. Passed.

The SPEAKER presented a letter from the Clerk of the House stating that he had furnished the Secretary of State with the appointments of Notaries Public, and had been informed the secretary would pronunciate it.

Mr. BOUTWELL reported a bill making the office of Solicitor of the Court of Claims a bureau, in the office of Attorney General. Passed.

The Senate amendments to the House bill to increase the force in the Patent Office, was concurred in.

The Senate amendments to the House joint resolution, relative to the claims of certain northern creditors, was referred to the Judiciary Committee.

Adjourned.

FROM EUROPE.

THE ENGLISH REFORM BILL.

Great Eastern Sailed for New York.

CASE OF THE FRENCH FORGER.

Financial and Commercial.

SAILING OF THE GREAT EASTERN.

LIVERPOOL, March 25.—The steamship Great Eastern sailed from this port at noon to-day for New York, which city she will leave on the 10th of April on her first trip to Brest. As she was about to sail her steam capstan accidentally shipped, instantly killing two men and wounding several others.

THE FRENCH FORGER.

LONDON, March 25—*Evening.*—The English Government has decided not to persist in claiming the return of Lamirande, the French forger, who was taken from Canada under the extradition treaty, as it was claimed illegally, but reserves the right to do so should she hereafter renew the demand.

ENGLISH REFORM.

LONDON, March 25—*Midnight.*—In the House of Commons, to-night, Mr. Gladstone spoke against the Government plan of reform, and opposed the second reading of the Reform Bill.

THE PORTE AND CANDIA.

Dispatches from Constantinople state that the Porte will never consent to give up Candia to Greece.

LIVERPOOL, March 26.—The steamship Kangaroo, which left New York on March 13th, has arrived out.

LATEST FINANCIAL.

PARIS, March 26—*Evening.*—American bonds 73¾.

FRANKFORT, March 26—*Evening.*—American bonds closed at 77¾.

LONDON, March 26.—*Noon.*—Consols for money, 94; Illinois Central, 79½; United States bonds, 71¾.

PARIS, March 26.—*Noon.*—United States bonds, 74.

FRANKFORT, March 26.—*Noon.*—United States bonds, 78.

LIVERPOOL, March 26.—*Noon.*—Cotton quiet; sales 7,000 bales, at opening prices, as follows: Middling Orleans, 12¾; Uplands, 12¾. Breadstuffs quiet. Wheat, 10s. 6d. for Milwaukee No. 1. Corn, 40s. 2d. for Mixed Western. Pork, 107s. 6d. for Prime Mess. Lard can white Californis, best grades, 73s. 6d. Oats, 3s. 2d. per 45 lbs. for American and Canadian. Beef, 120s. per tierce. Bacon, 72s. 6d. per 200 lbs. for Eastern prime mess. Beef, 125s. per 304 lbs. for extra prime mess. Bacon, 70s. per cwt. for middling American. Lard, 56s. 6d. Produce—Petroleum, 1s. 6d. per gallon for spirits, and 10½d. for Pennsylvania refined. Rosin, 9s. 6d. per cwt. for common Wilmington; 15s. for fine. Turpentine, 37s. 6d. per cwt. for spirits. Clover seed, 56s. per cwt. for American. Ashes, 34s. per cwt. for pots. Iron, 58s. 6d. @59s. for scotch pig. Tallow, 44s. 6d. per cwt. Linseed oil, 29 per ton. Linseed Cakes, £10 per ton, for thin oolong for feeding; Linseed, 10s. per cwt. for Calcutta. White Oil, £41 per 252 gallons.

LONDON, March 26.—Consols closed steady, at 93⅝-⅜, for money and account. Illinois Central, 79½ Erie, 38¾.

LIVERPOOL, March 26.—Cotton market closed dull, with a declining tendency, at the following authorized quotations: Middling uplands 12½; middling Orleans, 12¾. The sales to-day reach 7,000 bales, for future delivery. Breadstuffs market quiet. Corn declined 1s 6s for quarter mixed western. American Barley sold for 60 lbs. Provision market quiet, but steady. American Lard 56s 6d per cwt. Spirits Turpentine 37s 6d per cwt. Ashes, Pots 34s per cwt. Scotch Pig Iron 58s 6dg 59s per ton.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK, A. M.

LATEST TELEGRAMS.

WASHINGTON.

Nominations Acted Upon.

THE ADJOURNMENT QUESTION.

WASHINGTON, March 26, 1867.

NOMINATIONS CONFIRMED AND REJECTED.

The Senate to-day confirmed the following nominations:

Register of Land Office—W. S. Winfield, Ironton, Missouri; Receivers of Public Money—J. Reid, Ironton, Mo., John E. Phelps, Springfield, Missouri. Also, a number of brevet appointments in the army, including those of officers deceased.

The Senate rejected the following:

Postmaster—T. P. Metter, Rolla, Mo.; Receiver of Public Money—Caleb B. Clements, Denver, Col.; Register of Land Office—Samuel Kneeland, Springfield, Mo.

ADJOURNMENT QUESTION.

It is stated on good authority, that the caucus which induced the Senate to recall its resolution for adjournment until December, and which likewise shaped the action of the House to-day on this subject, were intimations from General Grant and Secretary Stanton, that it might be injurious to the progress of reconstruction, under the military bill, for Congress to adjourn until December without provision for coming together in the meantime if necessary. Trouble is also anticipated in Maryland during the approaching election, and it is thought best to have a session of Congress at hand to frame a new Constitution for the State. Prominent Radicals of Maryland have been asking aid from Congress.

MONTANA BONDS RECOVERED.

Information was received to-day that the Montana bonds, supposed to have been lost in the southern hotel, New York, have been recovered.

FROM THE SOUTH.

John Minor Botts Snubbed—The Negro Suffrage Question—Mayor Monroe—The Grand Army of the Republic in Session—Outrages in South Carolina.

NEW YORK, March 26.—The *Herald's* Richmond correspondence says: John Minor Botts recently called upon General Schofield and spoke some time with him. The manner in which the new powers delegated to the General, as Commander of the District, would be applied. No reply was vouchsafed to him, however and he left, feeling himself snubbed.

The press are all turning their attention to negro suffrage. The negro vote, and Brandicott's paper warns the colored people against voting for rebels. In Louisiana similar efforts are being made. The Norfolk *Journal*, who, a month ago, were defiantly bent on not voting at all if the negro did and their late leaders did not. Now they call upon their leaders to sacrifice themselves and the negroes to vote with their old masters and best friends.

The action of General Sheridan under his new authority, it is reported, will be the removal of Mayor Monroe and the session including Governor Pierpoint, Wells and the General, who have been enemies since the riots, have resumed amicable relations.

The Grand Army of the Republic, an association of discharged Federal soldiers, numbering 30,000 thousand men in the parishes of the State alone, and is extending all over the State.

Accounts of lawless outrages in North Carolina are still reported.

FROM CHARLESTON, S. C.

Republican Ratification Meeting at Charleston—Torchlight Procession by Negroes—Street Cars Attacked —Trouble Apprehended.

CHARLESTON, S. C., March 25.—A mass meeting to ratify the Republican platform lately adopted by the Union League was held this afternoon. Four or five thousand negroes, of both sexes and all ages, were present. Four white and several colored speakers addressed the meeting, all of a radical character. Among the white speakers were United States Marshal Epping and Solon Robinson, of the New York *Tribune*. In the evening a torch-light procession, by negroes, took place. To-night the negroes made several attacks on the street cars, and stoned the cars and beat them. The cars are now guarded by policemen. Considerable excitement prevails throughout the city and fears are grave apprehensions of further trouble.

THE FENIANS.

Stephens in Paris—He is Ignorant of the Uprising in Ireland—The "Optimists Nationale" on the Fenian Movement.

NEW YORK, March 26.—The Paris correspondent of the London *Sunday Gazette* says that Stephens and a number of American officers are in Paris. They are quite innocent of the rising in Ireland, which took them by surprise.

The *Opinione Nationale*, of Paris, has an article on the Fenian movement, in which it states that the United States Government connived at the rebellion, in the interest of Russia, as a means of embarrassing England at a critical moment, of her diplomacy on the Eastern question.

Break in the Levee at Laconia Circle

MEMPHIS, March 26.—The levee at Laconia Circle, Arkansas, broke a few days since, and the inhabitants generally came here, being compelled to leave. The city authorities have chartered the Northwest to carry supplies to the sufferers along the river, and the Chamber of Commerce has appointed a committee to collect supplies.

River Telegrams.

NASHVILLE, March 26.—River falling, with 15 feet on shoals; weather mild and showery.

CAIRO, March 26.—Arrived, Lucy Ellsworth. Departed—Tyrone, Cairo; General Sigel, Burkesville.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., March 26.—Rain and snow and a heavy sleet fell last night. To-day the weather has been clear and warm.

Snow Storm in the West.

MILWAUKEE, March 26.—A heavy snow storm prevailed west and north and northwest to-day. The McGreger and Western Railroads of Iowa are blocked up entirely. No trains are running, the other roads are all right. It is storming still.

Amusements.

TEMPERANCE MATINEE.—This afternoon the monster matinee announced for the benefit of Pittsburgh Division 42, of the Sons of Temperance will take place. A fine piece, with the characters admirably cast, is announced. The entertainment will open with "Miriam's Crime," and close with "Pocahontas." Between the pieces the magnificent ode will be recited between the pieces. The proceeds of the entertainment will be kindly bestowed on the Division to aid them to build a hall. That the house be crowded, good weather or bad.

OPERA HOUSE.—Emilie Melville's success in Pittsburgh is always a sure thing. There is a delightful freshness and naturalness about her acting that is sure to attract all lovers of the drama, and to charm all whom it already has. Last night, notwithstanding the disconcerting weather, the house was exceedingly well filled to witness the beautiful sketches in the "Bird of the Wilderness" and the "Swiss Swains." The "Pearl of Savoy" is on the bill for to-night. No danger but that the house will be full.

VARIETIES THEATRE.—Miss Florence Temple and her admirably trained horse Firefly, draw crowds at the Varieties, and the engagement has proved a most popular one. The audiences on Saturday and Monday evening fairly packed the house, and we feel exceedingly well paid for coming. The company at the house support the star well, and the whole entertainment is a credit to the management.

Some Country Women took their babies to a ball at Alliance Ohio, young men being scarce. Quite the notions to dance out onesett. They changed the clothes of all the youngsters, so that each mother took the wrong baby home. Mothers who took boy babies to the ball found that they had brought girl babies home. Consternation in a dozen households. It took two days to regulate mothers.

Why Not Arrested?—A correspondent partly writes: "The conviction of Adlington, of Butler county, is not the only surprising feature in the case. On the trial it was shown that others armed with deadly weapons were in the fight, and if not principals, they were certainly accessories to the murder, and as such should be arrested and placed upon trial."

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

FOURTH PAGE.—*The fullest and most reliable Money, Oil and Produce Market Reports given by any paper in the city, will be found on our Fourth Page.*

ALLEGHENY COUNCILS.

A Protest Against Consolidation—Sewerage Assessments Question.

A special meeting of the Councils of Allegheny City was held on Tuesday evening.

COMMON COUNCIL.

Members present—Messrs. Dunham, Drennan, Falkauber, Hanna, Ingham, Kirkpatrick, Megraw, McDonald, McNeil, Reed, Smith, and President Riddle.

The minutes of the last regular and special meetings were read and approved.

The President stated that the meeting had been called for the purpose of receiving the report of the Committee on Sewerage, considering the question of consolidating the city with Pittsburgh, etc.

NEW MEMBERS ADMITTED.

Messrs. Dill and Windsor, members elect of Common Council from the Manchester district, being present, the oath of office was administered to them by Mayor Morrison, after which they took their seats.

SEWERAGE MATTER.

Mr. McNeil presented the report of the Special Committee on Sewerage, to whom was referred the remonstrances of parties assessed for the cost of constructing the sewers on Belmont street and West Common. The committee stated that they had given the subject due consideration, and beg respectfully to report that they have no power, after the approval of the view, to reconsider their action, had obtained an opinion from the solicitor on the question, which was submitted. The Solicitor giving it as his opinion that Councils have not the power, the committee reported that the assessments cannot be altered. The report was accepted and ordered to be filed.

Mr. Ingham presented the petitions of the Manchester district, praying for the reimbursement of assessments heretofore made for the adoption of an ordinance levying a general tax for sewerage purposes. The petitions were received and filed.

RESOLUTIONS.

Mr. Smith offered the following, which was adopted:

Resolved, That the Committee on Streets and sewers be instructed to report at the next meeting of Councils the propriety of the passage of an ordinance to amend the act of May 1, 1861, relative to the present mode of building sewers in Allegheny.

Mr. S. also offered the following:

Resolved, That the Street Committee be requested to open Irwin street, in the Fifth ward, on the 27th instant.

Mr. Dill stated that the street was at present being paved, under a contract entered into by the city, during last night. To-day the weather has been clear and warm.

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Mr. Dill offered various reasons against consolidation should be given in the memorial. He thought it might be gotten up in a hurry.

Mr. Thomas took exception to that portion of the memorial which designated our location over the river as "suburban aristocrats."

Mr. English stated that it was understood that the bill would be brought up on Thursday, and it would be well to take immediate action in order to guard against its passage. The memorial should be signed by a majority of the members of the committee appointed to proceed with it to Harrisburg.

Mr. Drum stated that Councils had had the assurance of nearly every member of the Legislature from this county that the consolidation bill would not be brought up this session, and Mr. Graham had promised to notify Councils in case it was agitated. They had, however, waited until this late day, and now, in order to defeat every effort to "snake" it through, Mr. Drum referred in a very severe manner to Mr. Graham in neglecting to fulfil his promise.

Mr. Myler said it was a fact that there was not a member of the Legislature who thought it was his duty to look to the interests of Allegheny City, but he supposed that Mr. Graham would do all he could for the city, but it appeared that he had also forsaken us.

Mr. McBrier moved that a committee be appointed to prepare a suitable memorial, and proceed with it to Harrisburg. Adopted.

The sewerage question was then introduced and discussed, when, as no further action on any definite action had been taken, the joint meeting was dissolved, and the members of Select Council retired to their chamber.

Having no further business, Select Council adjourned.

An Invaluable Invention—A Rare Chance for Making Fortunes—A Lath Machine.

We yesterday had the pleasure of witnessing in operation a piece of new machinery which is destined to work a complete revolution in the manufacture of lath in this country. At the saw mill of McClintock & Watson, on Run and Butler streets, in the Ninth ward, it upon exhibition the celebrated Automatic Lath Machine, the invention of J. C. Brown, from whom a flourishing capital stock company of New York purchased the letters patent. Mr. T. L. Birch, the Superintendent of that company, is now here for the purpose of selling State and county rights for the machine, and we would direct the attention of our readers to its great advantages over the old system of lath manufacture in cutting lath. The machine occupies but little space and can be run with water or steam power. A log from one foot to four feet in diameter, cut fresh from the forest, is first sawed into pieces of the desired length of the lath, say about four feet, and is placed without any more preparation in the centre of the machine and supported by dogs or chucks in the centre of each end. The power applied, a scoring cylinder, with knives set in a line parallel with the axis of the log, is brought by automatic action against the surface of the log, which it indents and divides, forming lath of suitable width and thickness. By the same action a fixed knife, with knives connecting and timed to the scoring cylinder, is brought in contact with the surface of the log while in motion, and pares off upwards of one thousand completed and perfect lath in one minute, the log revolving twenty-four times in the same time. Increase of power will increase the number of laths cut. The machines are so constructed to stand every effort. When it is taken into consideration that the manufacture of lath by the present machinery in use is a slow and tedious operation, requiring the constant time of eight persons to turn one thousand per day, the marvelous capacity of the American Machine will be properly appreciated. The lath are more perfect in uniformity than can be turned out by machinery now in use, and much more suitable for plastering purposes. The blades of the scoring cylinder being equidistant and fixed, indenting at an equal depth, and working automatically in combination with the stationary paring knife, each lath must be of the same thickness. The knife also has a level edge, let cut with the grain, thus securing the full strength of the wood, and the liability to split improvement upon that now in general use. With one of these machines in working order no cause of delay could ever be encountered of a failure in supplying the demand. Timber cannot be used to more profitable advantage than in making lath by this machine. There is a vast waste of timber (no saw dust resulting from the cutting) and every inch of the log is made marketable and will find purchasers at all times. In Chicago alone last year no less than 180,000,000 of lath were used by builders, and a corresponding quantity in and throughout the Union, so that the supply will not for many years at least be gorged, by the introduction of this new machine. By the use of the American Lath Cutter manufacturing material is largely increased, as it will prove hereafter profitable to use and work up slender logs and timber that are now regular cord wood, elm, ash, sycamore, &c., &c. The field for manufacturing laths need not be confined to Pittsburgh, Ohio and Wisconsin, as the material being indefinitely increased, it will pay to produce lath in the vicinity of the pine forests.

The Superintendent of the Company will be found at the mill referred to at all hours of the day, and will show the machine in operation to all who may choose to call. The sole and exclusive right to use the machine within certain prescribed territorial limits, and to sell lath therefrom, will be sold at reasonable prices by Mr. Birch.

We conceive this to be the most wonderful invention of the age, and to possess a rare opportunity for affording relief to aggrieved parties having passed. To repeat, therefore, that the assessments are unjust, would be mere folly.

Messrs. English and Thomas were not satisfied as to the ignoring of one of the Select Council members, and intended to have that there was no report as to the Belmont sewer, and in fact no proper report in the matter. The report as presented only referred to the solicitor's opinion, and no action was said concerning what the Committee were specially appointed to consider.

Mr. Patterson was willing to have the report amended by striking out any reference to the Belmont street sewer.

Mr. English said this would not mend the matter in the other case, the Committee not having reported as instructed.

Mr. Thomas—A member of the Committee (Mr. Patterson) states that he is satisfied of the unjustness of the assessment, to the extent of forty-five per cent. in some cases. Why did not the Committee so say? Was there no relief for aggrieved parties?

Mr. Hall stated there was no alternative but to pay the tax. He was of that opinion from the first, when this special committee was appointed, and if the report was referred back, to do which a disposition was manifested, he would ask to be excused from serving on the Committee. Mr. Patterson said he would also decline further serving.

A motion to concur with the Common Council, in the acceptance of the report prevailed, and thus ends the controversy for the present.

for the present.

Mr. J. B. Smith asked whether any action of Councils was necessary to authorize the Treasurer to pay to contractors the money in his hands collected from parties assessed.

Mr. A. D. Smith replied that the law prescribed the duties of the Treasurer, and that Councils had really nothing to do with the matter.

JOINT SESSION.

Mr. Drum, from the Special Committee on Consolidation, reported that a memorial had been agreed to, whereupon the members of the select proceeded to the chamber of the Common Council.

The Committee reported the following:

We, the undersigned, members of the Select and Common Councils of the city of Allegheny, in joint session assembled, having learned with undisguised surprise that a self-constituted committee, purporting to be the Board of Trade of Pittsburgh, are about to urge upon your honorable bodies the passage of a bill to consolidate the cities of Pittsburgh and Allegheny and the surrounding boroughs; and having also learned that the proposed bill is likely to become a law, do hereby solemnly, earnestly and firmly protest against such proposed action. We cannot conceive, gentlemen, that you will consent to blot from existence one of the fairest cities of the Commonwealth. Such action is only fit for the dark ages, or for some suburban aristocrat. We believe that all communities have a right to govern themselves in their own way, providing they do nothing repugnant to the laws of the State or General Government; we believe, further, that it is the bounden duty of the law making powers to protect the people in their chartered rights. We, therefore, the undersigned citizens, condemn any legislation relative to our affairs that is not asked for by us.

The committee also submitted the following resolutions:

Resolved, That the Presidents of Councils appoint a Committee to proceed to Harrisburg to protest in the name of the city and people against the purposed legislation.

Resolved, That any member of our State Legislature who votes for consolidation—the same is a measure not asked for by any considerable number of our citizens, and as we believe the same to be an attempted outrage on our rights, thereby forfeits our confidence and esteem.

Resolved, That the Committee be instructed to employ any counsel they may require, should the bill be passed, the importance of vetoing the same, and to assure him that he will receive the heart-felt thanks of the citizens, and by the largest majority in proportion to its vote of any city in the State.

Mr. Dill stated that no member of Councils had any knowledge of the provisions of the proposed bill of consolidation, and inquiries should be made into it.

Mr. Dill offered various reasons against consolidation should be given in the memorial. He thought it might be gotten up in a hurry.

Mr. Thomas took exception to that portion of the memorial which designated our location over the river as "suburban aristocrats."

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Mr. Drum stated that Councils had had the assurance of nearly every member of the Legislature from this county that the consolidation bill would not be brought up this session, and Mr. Graham had promised to notify Councils in case it was agitated. They had, however, waited until this late day, and now, in order to defeat

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 27, 1867.

AN IMPRESSION has widely prevailed that the appropriation made by Congress for the relief of Southern and Southwestern destitution was adequate to the exigencies of the case. General HOWARD's letter to a friend in Philadelphia urging the importance of immediate private contributions, certainly contradicts this impression, and ought to be held as conclusive. Pittsburgh has a reputation for radicalism in politics, and it would be graceful, as well as in many ways beneficial, for her to demonstrate by timely and liberal action, that radicalism is humane and benevolent.

MORE RAILROADS.

A bill has passed the House of Representatives to compel the Pennsylvania Railroad Company to complete the Northwestern Railroad. It will be remembered that some twelve or fifteen years ago a charter was granted and a company organized to construct a railroad from Blairsville, Indiana county, on the Pennsylvania Railroad, to New Castle, in Lawrence county, at which place, as was then expected, it would form a junction with the Mahoning road, which runs from Cleveland to the Pennsylvania State line, a few miles west of New Castle. The line of this road was known as the Connemaugh and Kiskiminetas to the Allegheny river, a short distance above Freeport; thence through the centre of Butler county to the town of Butler; and thence by the best route to New Castle.

The original company commenced work immediately and made considerable progress along that part of the line between Blairsville and the Allegheny river at the mouth of Kiskiminetas; but, their funds becoming exhausted, the work ceased to be prosecuted, and lay suspended for several years. At length the Pennsylvania Railroad Company became possessed of the franchises of the old Northwestern Company; the work on that partially completed portion of the line was resumed, and more than a year ago the whole line from the Allegheny river and the Allegheny Valley Railroad, at the month of the Kiskiminetas to Blairsville, was completed. Subsequently a railroad was laid in the bed of the abandoned Pennsylvania Canal, from Allegheny City to the mouth of the Kiskiminetas, where a junction was formed with this road; and now trains run regularly from Allegheny City to Blairsville, and to the main line of the Pennsylvania Railroad near Blairsville.

Meanwhile nothing whatever was done on that part of the original line lying between the Allegheny River and New Castle. The general impression seemed to settle down upon the popular mind that that part of the original programme had been abandoned. It is true that, for purposes of through trade between the Lakes and Philadelphia, it might now be easily dispensed with; but it will be of immense benefit to the country through which it is to pass, and add greatly in the development of their rich mineral resources. It is not generally known that there is probably as much coal in Butler county as in any other county in Western Pennsylvania; but being utterly without railroads, canals, or navigable streams, that coal has been of almost as little use commercially as if it were in the moon. It is also rich in iron, and has much excellent soil; and if it had railroad facilities, would increase rapidly in population and wealth. For this reason we are glad to learn that it is likely soon to be accommodated. Lawrence county has railroad accommodations now, and is prospering just as we wish to see Butler county prosper.

Pittsburgh favors such improvements as these in every part of our State; and if they do not bring grists directly to her mill, they will indirectly. By and by we shall have a road by the Chartiers Valley to Washington, Pa., in which it is more than likely the Pennsylvania Railroad will have a finger. That corporation, moreover, has agreed to extend its Bald Eagle branch, beginning at Tyrone City, to Clearfield, in Clearfield county. This last enterprise will develop a large section of country in the very heart of the State, which is still poor, simply because it has no commercial facilities; and it is all the more entitled to favor because the people of that section are not able to build railroads for themselves. It would be sheer idleness and folly to quarrel with such enterprises as these, even were we inclined to do so; but we are not so inclined. Now let [illegible] have the same freedom awarded [illegible] Connellsville Company, which was certainly as good a right to build roads in the southwestern counties as the Pennsylvania Company has in the centre and the northwest. Give to the Pennsylvania Company freedom to build as many of such roads as these as it pleases; but sternly forbid its shutting up any route that could be profitably improved by other parties.

The Mahoning Railroad comes into Pennsylvania through the valley of the Mahoning River, and reaches the Pittsburgh and Erie Railroad at the confluence of the Mahoning and Shenango, some three miles below New Castle. As yet it goes no farther east. But a route from thence, via the valley of the Connoquenessing Creek, and Old Harmony, near the southern border of Butler county, to the head waters of Pine Creek, and thence down the last named stream to the Allegheny River, four miles above Allegheny City, has been run, and found to be a very good one. It is through this line that the people of Ohio expect to reach Baltimore and Washington via the Connellsville Railroad. It is well that the Northwestern Company should complete their road on the original line; for it will open up a rich coal and iron region; but this extension of the Mahoning road via Harmony and Pine Creek would give to Pittsburgh access to one of the finest sections of Western Pennsylvania both for soil and minerals, and open up one of the best routes to the Lakes that can be found. By all means let them both be made.

COURTING THE BLACKS.

Of whatever else the New York *World* may be accused it will not be charged with dullness of apprehension. Its peculiar quality is edge or penetration. Not profound and ponderous, it is sharp and incisive. Hence, when the Military Government bill became a law, it frankly and faithfully admonished the Southern whites, and particularly such of them as aspire to political distinction and influence hereafter, to make a serious business of "courting" the blacks. No matter how awkward such employment might be to chivalrous gentlemen, taught to believe in the essential inferiority of black people to white ones, and that a task-master, armed with a cat-o'-nine-tails, was the true and legitimate persuader of menials, a necessity had been created for new conceptions and observances, which could not be overlooked or set aside.

What the *World* urged, in this respect, it has been practicing; not with much skill, to be sure, but with an earnestness that compensates for deficiencies. It recently plunged into ethnology, and undertook to demonstrate, on the basis of pure science, that Democrats have been laboring under a delusion in supposing that an offensive odor exhaled from members of the black race. The conclusion reached was, that

"As regards the popular notion of the odor of the negro, it may be positively stated that he, in this respect, is like the white—a clean negro being free from it, and a foul one cursed by it."

It is easy to see that this fact in natural history was not discovered by any ordinary process of investigation. It was obtained by a round-about path through the domain of politics. The ballot, in the hands of some of the blacks, has purified the whole of them, in a most mysterious manner, from a taint that has sickened the democracy for sixty years, No necromancer's slight-of-hand is at all comparable to this!

Let us go back and inquire into this "popular notion" of the odorous repulsiveness of the negro. In the old days, before the Proclamation of Emancipation, Democrats both of high and low degree, with one consent protested a negro did not smell sweet; but when the two sorts of Democrats were questioned separately, and in detail, the points of agreement between them vanished. A Democrat, so dirty in his personal habits that one stench more or less would not perceptibly change his offensive condition, was sure to turn up his nose, with a genuine Democratic quirk, whenever a black entered his presence. His perception of smells was not to be deceived or disputed. An aristocratic Democrat, if the expression may be allowed, stated the case very differently. According to his theory the odor depended altogether upon the relation sustained by the black to certain whites. If the black was a coachman, he might ride beside his master, or even his mistress, and no improper smell was perceptible. If the black was a body servant, he might sleep in the same room with his master, without imparting the slightest contamination to the atmosphere. If the black was a nurse, she might attend mistress or child, and the closest proximity did not produce an appreciable unpleasantness of olfactory sensation. Only when the black asserted equality, or even independence, did he seem less clean than a white. The exhalation was not at all in the black race, but was produced by the relationships members of that race sustained to members of the white race.

The ballot is a marvellous deodorizer. Henceforward the democratic ethnological formula will be changed, and no musk will appear in the statement of the composition of the negro. Great is the ballot! and great the awe inspired by it in the democracy!

But the *World* does not stop with this rectification of the prevailing democratic analysis of the physical composition of the blacks. It proceeds to vindicate their moral character and deportment. It makes this strong assertion:

"As a race, the negroes of New York, considered from a police point of view, are a better class of citizens than the lower grades of whites. A negro is brought before the Courts occasionally for theft; occasionally a black man is arraigned for outrage; but very rarely for drunkenness or murder. As a class, the *negroes give the police comparatively little trouble.* This is the almost universal testimony alike of patrolmen, sergeants, captains, and superintendents; and we publish it as at least an approximation to the truth."

Undoubtedly! Nobody ever heard of the blacks in New York turning out in huge gangs, openly breaking into stores and dwellings, plundering by wholesale, setting the invaded premises on fire, and slaughtering white people indiscriminately. Only "the lower grades of whites," who vote the Democratic ticket, have been guilty of such enormities. Nor are the blacks merely exempt from vulgar and brutal crimes of this sort. Blacks are never mixed up in bank defalcations, and rarely in burglarious entrances into banks. They do not indulge in the luxury of forgery, counterfeiting, stock-gambling, and get tee swindling generally. In these particulars, at least, they are far less exposed to reproach than the higher classes of whites.

The admissions of the *World*, however, will do for a commencement. As Democratic anxiety increases to divide or monopolize the votes of the blacks, this "courting" process will be quickened and intensified. Democratic appreciation of the excellencies of the blacks will be exalted; and by and by the whole diapason of Democratic eulogy will be sounded in their behalf.

—The Wilmington (Delaware) *Gazette* says that Mr. Heston, the Cashier of the Farmer's Bank, is charged with the defalcation of nearly $10,000. He himself informed the President and Directors of the fact, and offered as an excuse that his salary of $1,200 per year was not sufficient to support him and his family. He is about thirty-seven years of, age, has been for a long time a member of the church, and for the last twelve years connected with the bank. His securities, it is said, are good for the amount of the defalcation, and, therefore, the bank will not suffer any loss.

—A terrible explosion occurred in the harbor of Hong Kong, January 17th. The hulk Zephyr, used to storage powder, blew up, and was totally destroyed; also the Bremen schooner Themis. Thirty to forty persons were killed; many persons on boats in the neighborhood were killed. There were two hundred thousand pounds of powder aboard. The town shook as with an earthquake. Four English gunboats moored in the vicinity barely escaped destruction. In the village of Yahmatee one hundred and thirty houses were unroofed and shaken down.

—An act has been reported to the Massachusetts Legislature, which provides that proprietors of public halls shall secure suitable and safe egress to protect from said limb in case of alarm or danger. If any proprietor of a hall shall fail, after being notified to provide sufficient passage ways, the authorities may suspend the use of such hall, and if it is used contrary to the order, a fine of not less than one hundred and not exceeding five hundred dollars shall be imposed.

—Miss Van Wie and A. A. Wheelock have been giving "spirit manifestations" at Lowell, Mich. The exhibition of spirit hands, flowers, &c., through the hole in the door of a cabinet, in which Miss Van Wie was placed, was the "feature" of the performance. Some skeptical ladies insisted, one evening, on a thorough examination of the medium's person. This, after resistance, was submitted to, and the articles were discovered in a small package.

—A negro was shot in the head at Leavenworth on Wednesday, but fought and punished the shooter, and himself escaped with little more than a wounded scalp.

—A Chicago Judge has decided that a young man's agreeable company, at a boarding house where he must escort ugly old maid boarders at the bidding of the landlady, is equivalent to his boarding bill.

—An exchange says it seems that the roll of Robert Toombs' slaves will be called at a Georgia ballot box instead of at Bunker Hill.

—Mr. Colfax, with the exception of Henry Clay, is the only man who has been three times elected Speaker of the House.

WANT SUPPLIED.

London Ale, Bottled Ales, London Porter, Brown Stout. To get genuine imported London Ale, Porter or Brown Stout, has been almost an impossibility in this city, notwithstanding that there are few tonics more suitable for weakly persons and invalids. The want has at length been supplied. A large assortment of the finest brands, comprising Barclay & Perkins' London Stout, Bass & Co's Pale Ale, Campbell's Scotch Ale, etc., just received at JOSEPH FLEMING'S DRUG STORE, No. 84 Market street, and is sold by the case or single bottle, at the lowest rates. Also, a complete stock of the finest Liquors for medicinal purposes, and Campbell's sparkling Ale, the finest article in use. Remember the place.

JOSEPH FLEMING'S
DRUG AND PATENT MEDICINE DEPOT.
No. 84 Market street.

GRAY HAIR, BALDNESS, DANDRUFF, ANY DISEASE OF THE SCALP.—NO DISCOVERY CAN COMPARE WITH "LONDON HAIR COLOR RESTORER AND DRESSING."

"London Our Best Hair Color Restorer"
"London Hair Color Restorer"
"London Physicians Hair Color Restorer"
"London Hair Color Restorer"
"London Use and Hair Color Restorer"
"London Hair Color Restorer"
"London Recommend it. Hair Color Restorer"

It never fails to impart life, growth, and vigor to the weakest hair, fastens and stops its falling, and is sure to produce a new growth of hair, causing it to grow thick and strong. Only 75 cents a bottle, at the hair dresser.

Sold by McCLARAN & McKENNAN, 85 Market street, GEO. A. KELLY 37 Wood st., and JOS. FLEMING, 84 Market street, Pittsburgh. KANE & DRUFF, Allegheny.
au27:12:3MWF

PITTSBURGH, May 19, 1866.

Messrs. Hostetter & Smith:

GENTLEMEN—During a visit to the West, last fall, I contracted chills and fever, which brought me to my bed, and finally terminated in typhoid fever, and confined me to my room for several months, during which time I was physically so prostrated that I almost despaired of ever recovering my health; having almost entirely lost my appetite, for days, not being able to eat a morsel, added to which I was distressed with a peculiar sensation in my head, and passed many sleepless nights—all from debility caused by my protracted condition, brought about by fever. At this stage of my condition a friend recommended me to use your celebrated Stomach Bitters, but being decidedly opposed to the use of stimulants in any form, I at first declined, but afterwards yielded my prejudices, and, after taking the medicine for several weeks, my appetite returned, and with it I am rapidly regaining my former strength and vigor. My sleep (from the loss of which I have suffered much,) has never been better than it is now, and the reeling sensation (before alluded to) has entirely left me. My bowels, which were much constipated and irregular, are now quite natural, and in fact, I am glad to say that I feel myself a new man, and tender you this testimonial of my appreciation of your valuable preparation, in order that others, suffering as I have, may avail themselves of its virtues, which I predict will prove them enjoying for so long a period. I may also add that my physician, after seeing the beneficial effect of your Bitters on me, recommended that I use them regularly.

Yours, very respectfully,
E. BOURNE,
No. 45 Market street.

THE INDIANS AND THE WHITE PINE.

Although long known to the aborigines of America, Dr. George W. Swett, of Boston, has brought into shape for convenient use, a most valuable preparation called POLAND'S WHITE PINE COMPOUND, which for a number of years has given great satisfaction in the cure of all those ailments dependent on an inflamed or irritated condition of the mucous membranes of the animal organism. For *gravel, diabetes, dropsy, chronic bronchitis, nasal catarrh, constipation,* when depending on a debilitated state of the intestines, it is one of the most valuable discoveries recently added to pharmaceutical medicine. It is likewise a most valuable compound for diseases of the kidneys and bladder generally, as any one can satisfy himself upon a single trial. Every one knows the healing virtue of the white pine for sores and ulcers, but Dr. Swett has gone to work and prepared from the sweet inside bark of that valuable tree a compound that will meet every infirmities where the life blood is vitiated.

It is confidently recommended for the following ailments:

Diabetes in young or middle aged people;
Diabetes in old people;
Stoppage of the Urine;
The same difficulty in children during the night;
Gravel, Kidney Trouble in old people;
Ulcerated Kidneys, Ulcerated Bladder;
Discharge of mucus or pus, or blood from the bladder;
Bright's Disease of the Kidneys;
Pain in the Kidneys or Small of the Back;
Pain in Bladder, Heat and Scalding.

Ask for POLAND'S WHITE PINE COMPOUND. For sale by the gross, dozen or single bottle, at Dr. Keyser's great medicine store, 110 Wood street.
mh16:d&w

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WM. BINGHAM, Jr., Adams Express Office, 54 Fifth Street, is an authorized Agent to receive Advertisements for the GAZETTE, and all other papers throughout the United States and the Canadas.

☞ **ACADEMY OF MUSIC.**

THURSDAY EVENING, April 4th, 1867, Root's Operatic Cantata,
THE HAYMAKERS.
Will be performed under the direction of
Miss E. BENNETT.
Some of the most popular amateur musicians of Pittsburgh are expected to take part in the performance. mh23:w4

☞ **PETROLEUM ASSOCIATION.**—A special meeting of the "PITTSBURGH PETROLEUM ASSOCIATION" Will be held at their rooms, in DALZELL'S BUILDING, Duquesne Way, at 3 o'clock P. M., **On WEDNESDAY, 27th inst.**

Important business will be brought before the meeting. H. M. LONG, Secretary.
PITTSBURGH, March 18, 1867. mh27:w14

500 CORDS OF HEMLOCK AND CHESTNUT OAK BARK, for sale by the subscriber on the Ebensburg and Cresson Branch of the Pennsylvania R. R.

Address, R. H. TUDOR,
Ebensburg,
Cambria county, Pa.
mh27:w11

PROPOSALS FOR PAINTING, WHITEWASHING AND PAVING DIAMOND MARKET HOUSE.—Proposals will be received for painting the Diamond Market House two coats of plain paint, the best quality to be used. Also, for whitewashing and coloring City Hall, and paving in and around the building. Persons desiring any information as to the above, will call upon
R. R. CLEGHORN,
mh27:w12 Superintendent Market.

EFFERVESCING CITRATE OF MAGNESIA.

In 6oz bottles, in powder. This Magnesia is a mild purgative and aperient, very acceptable to the stomach, for sick headache, sour of acid stomach, and all feeble cases. For sale by most Druggists. Prepared by ARTHUR ROGERS, 183 Spring street, New York. mh27:w7

TO-LET.

A FINE STORE ROOM

With or without an EXCELLENT DWELLING, containing eleven rooms, with modern improvements and spacious yard adjoining. Located on the east side of Smithfield street, near First. Inquire of
STEEL & WILSON,
Brokers and Real Estate Agents,
mh26 No. 66 Smithfield street.

BLACK SILKS,
Colored Silks, India Silks,
FOULARD SILKS,
For Sale at Low Prices, By
WHITE, ORR & CO.,
25 Fifth Street.
mh27

OFFICE OF CONTROLLER OF ALLEGHENY CO., Pa., PITTSBURGH, March 25th, 1867.

TO CARPENTERS.—SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office until
April 5th, inclusive,
For constructing new Gallery around the upper tier of cells in the County Prison; to lay floor on enclosed end; put back and repair walls, using new materials, and put new bridge across at Second Story.
Information will be furnished at the Sheriff's or County Commissioner's office.
HENRY LAMBERT,
mh27:w5 Controller.

GARDEN FIGS.

VERY FINE,
Received and for sale by the pound or bag.
Also, FRESH TUNIS DATES and IMPERIAL PRUNES, for sale by the pound or case, by
JOHN A. BENSHAW,
mh27 Corner Liberty and Hand sts.

QUINCY A. SCOTT,
DENTIST,
NO. 248 PENN STREET,
mh26:1y92 PITTSBURGH.

$600 WILL PURCHASE A neat two-story House and large lot adjoining Temperanceville, East End. Lots.
$630 will purchase a two-story House, on lease ground, on Hill street. Now rents for $30 per month. Apply to
mh27 B. McLAIN & CO.

MACHINE SHOP AND ENGINE IN BIRMINGHAM FOR SALE—On the corner of Smyth street and Walnut alley, near to Carson street. Lot 60x80. Is offered cheap. Apply to
mh27 B. McLAIN & CO.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.,
(Successors to S. Jones & Co.,)
Corner Fourth & Wood Sts.,
BANKERS & BROKERS,
DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF
Government Securities,
Foreign Exchange,
Gold, Silver and Coupons.
COLLECTIONS made on all accessible points in the United States and Canadas.
Interest allowed on Time Deposits

SIGN--ENGINE IN THE WINDOW.

EVERY ONE INTERESTED
IN THE GROWTH OF AN
Economical Establishment
OF
HOUSEHOLD AFFAIRS,
So far as it Concerns the Purchase of
GROCERY SUPPLIES,
Should Save 20 Per Cent.
BY BUYING SOON.
SHIELDS & BOUCHER,
108 Smithfield Street,
OPPOSITE POST OFFICE.
mh27:s&wy

THE IRON CITY MONTHLY,
WILL BE READY
About the Third of April.
The first number will contain
THREE FINE ILLUSTRATIONS;
Also matters regarding the city, of great importance to our citizens and STRANGERS VISITING THE CITY. Books open for subscription. Address all communications to
GEORGE W. PITTOCK & CO.,
Dispatch Building,
69 FIFTH STREET.
Postoffice Box 1406, Pittsburgh, Penna.
mh27:w6

BUSINESS CHANCE.

THE SUBSCRIBER RESPECTFULLY announces to his many friends and customers, that he has disposed of his entire business at No.'s 55 and 57 Fifth street, to SMITHSON, PALMER & CO., who will continue the "Auction and Commission Business," in all its branches. I would here ask a continuance of the very liberal patronage heretofore bestowed on me, assuring the public that my successors are every way qualified, having been in my employ many years.
T. A. McCLELLAND.

SMITHSON, PALMER & CO.,
(Successors to T. A. McCLELLAND.)
AUCTIONEERS
AND
Commission Merchants,
NO'S 55 AND 57 FIFTH ST.
Special attention given to sales of Real Estate, Household Furniture, &c. Also,
Boots, Shoes, Dry Goods, Carpets, &c.
AT PRIVATE SALES,
DAY AND EVENING.
mh23:n88

NEW CARPET STORE
Just Opening.
BOVARD, ROSE & CO.,
NO. 21 FIFTH STREET,
SECOND FLOOR,
We are now opening our FIRST STOCK OF GOODS, embracing everything in the CARPET LINE, from the best European and American manufactures to the commonest Hemp Carpet. A full line
OIL CLOTHS,
MATTINGS,
WINDOW SHADES,
RUGS, MATS,
STAIR RODS,
and a complete assortment of PIANO and TABLE COVERS, &c.
BOVARD, ROSE & CO.,
21 FIFTH STREET, (second floor,)
mh23:w7&d&wT over Bates & Bell's.

CHANDELIERS,
Brackets, Pendants, &c.,
FOR
Gas and Oil.
A large assortment on hand and receiving at
WELDON & KELLY'S,
PLUMBERS AND GAS FITTERS,
164 Wood Street.
mh23:57 NEAR SIXTH.

W. P. GRAHAM..... OWEN BYRNE.

GRAHAM & BYRNE,
Having completed arrangements for engaging extensively in the
HAT, CAP AND FUR BUSINESS,
At No. 52 St. Clair Street,
Invite their friends and the public to call and examine their superior stock, which they feel confident will give entire satisfaction.
mh16:w48

CHEAPEST PLACE IN THE CITY to buy the
TRIUMPH COOKING STOVE,
Is at No. 146 GRANT STREET.
mh18 P. O. DUFFY.

ALLEGHENY ACADEMY—For MALE AND FEMALE—T. E. WAKEHAM, Principal, will be opened MONDAY, April 8th, in NICKLIN'S HALL, Mr. W. may be seen at Mr. SPRATT'S book store every day, between 4 and 5 o'clock, P. M. Circulars may be obtained at DAVIS, CLARKE & CO'S., and the book stores of Allegheny. mh23:w93mwF

FOR SALE.
A Fine Driving and Riding Horse,
FOR A GENTLEMAN OR LADY.
Inquire at PATTERSON'S STABLES, Third street.

PITTSBURGH SHORT-HAND ACADEMY, 68 Grant street, opposite the Cathedral, OPEN DAY AND EVENING. Instruction in Standard Phonography given in private lessons, in class and by mail. Reporting of Lectures, Speeches, Sermons, &c., made upon reasonable terms. Send for circular.
mh23:w4

BELTING! BELTING!—Leather and Gum Belting; also, Gum Packing, Hose, Gaskets, &c., of the best quality and at reduced prices. The best quality of Lacing always on hand at the India Rubber Depot, No. 26 and 28 St. Clair street.
mh14 J. & H. PHILLIPS.

WINDOW SHADES.—Having received our spring stock of Shades we are now prepared to sell at the lowest cash prices, either by lease or retail. Call and examine, assortment that can be found in the city. Also, a new style of shades just received. Call and see them at No. 26 and 28 St. Clair street.
mh14 J. & H. PHILLIPS.

FLOOR OIL CLOTHS.—Having reduced our prices we can now offer oil cloths at eastern rates. A large stock on hand and the finest patterns, for sale wholesale and retail, by
J. & H. PHILLIPS,
mh15 26 and 28 St. Clair street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CARPETS.
OLIVER M'CLINTOCK & COMPANY,
HAVE JUST OPENED
For the Spring Trade,
Their Splendid Assortment of
NEW CARPETS,
Oil Cloths, Shades, &c.
Attention is called to our fine stock of EMBROIDERED TABLE AND PIANO COVERS.
Great Decline in Prices.
28 FIFTH STREET.
mh 27:w10

SPRING OPENING
Monday, March 25, 1867,
J. W. BARKER & CO.,
59 Market Street.
When we will exhibit
NEW SILKS,
Plain, Figured,
Striped, Checkered,
Chena, in Black,
And all the Newest and Choicest Colors and Shades, and in all qualities.
NEW DRESS GOODS,
The assortment embraces some fifty different kinds, and the choicest in the market.
HOUSEKEEPING GOODS,
BED, TABLE AND SHEETING LINENS,
TOWELS, TOWELING,
QUILTS, CHINTZES, &c.
MEN AND BOYS' WEAR,
Cloths, Cassimeres, Satinets, Tweeds, Mellons, Jeans. Ermines, &c.,
WHITE GOODS,
Jaconet, Cambric,
Swiss Book, Nainsook,
Mull and Lawns,
In Plain, Barred, Striped and Figured in great variety.
MOURNING GOODS,
Shawls; Dress Goods, &c.,
In good assortment and at VERY LOW PRICES.
OUR PRICES
For everything may be judged by the following quotations:

At 12½c BEAUTIFUL FAST COLD PRINTS;
At 12½c GOOD WIDE SHIRTING MUSLINS;
At 12½c GOOD YARD WIDE SHEETING;
At 12½c GOOD RUSSIA CRASH;
At 17½c GOOD TICKING;
At 37½c GOOD TABLE DAMASK;
At 50c GOOD TABLE FINE FLAX;
At 25c Extra size and quality TOWELS.

☞ Don't fail to examine our stock before purchasing.
mh27:w98

MYERS, HOPPER & CO.,
(Successors to R. R. BULGER, Agent,)
MANUFACTURERS OF
FURNITURE
Of Every Description,
SCHOOL AND OFFICE FURNITURE.
No. 15 Smithfield Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
☞ A full assortment of Pittsburgh Manufactured Furniture constantly on hand at LOWEST CASH PRICES.

WM. J. MYERS.... WM. G. HOPPER.... C. A. MYERS.
mh23:w68

MISHLER'S HERB BITTERS.
THE GREAT HOUSEHOLD REMEDY.
TO THE PUBLIC.—I have this day opened a BRANCH HOUSE for the sale of
Mishler's Herb Bitters,
In the City of Pittsburgh, and have authorized A. T. FAHNESTOCK and D. M. HOLTON, as my Agents, to carry on and manage the same.
LANCASTER, March 14, 1867. B. MISHLER.

FAHNESTOCK & HOLTON,
Wholesale Branch House,
26 Market Street,
PITTSBURGH.
Sold by all Respectable Druggists.
☞ We ask but a trial to convince any one of their medicinal value.
MISHLER'S HERB BITTERS.
mh23:w72

TEAS AND SUGARS.

GOOD COOKING SUGAR,	10	lbs. for	$1 00
" "	9	"	1 00
" TABLE	8	"	1 00
EXTRA GOOD	7½	"	1 00
BEST EXTRA C	7	"	1 00

TEAS.
Another large lot of FRESH TEA, of last cargoes,
Direct from China and Japan,
Per ships Constantine, Rosin Castle, J. R. Gresham, comprising everything GOOD AND CHEAP in the way of Teas, at about
20 Cents Below the Common Prices,
ARTHUR KIRK,
172 & 174 Federal street,
ALLEGHENY.
mh16:w19

BOATING.—For Sale at the Boat House of the Afel Barge Club, Baltimore, Md., a six-oared SHELL BOAT, built by Chas. B. Ellicott, of Greenpoint, L. I.; is in perfect order, and as good as new, having been used but eight times. It will be sold for $250. For further information apply to M. LEWIS, 37 Lexington street, Baltimore, Md. mh15:w84

SHORT-HAND WRITING.—A perfect knowledge of this valuable art taught in ten short and easy lessons, by a practical reporter from London, England. Each pupil taught separately and at any time to suit their own convenience. Apply to
J. A. GRAY,
mh18:w71 GAZETTE OFFICE

10 STORE WHEELBARROWS;
5 MORTAR WHEELBARROWS;
14 BRICK WHEELBARROWS;
10 CLAY WHEELBARROWS;
4 EXPRESS WAGONS;
2 LIGHT SPRING WAGONS;
3 COAL WAGONS;
2 CARTS;
Mortised Hubs and Turned Spokes on hand and for sale at DUQUESNE WAGON WORKS, near the Penitentiary, Allegheny City.
mh23:w86 COLEMAN, FORRESTER & CO.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

AN ORDINANCE FOR THE IMPROVEMENT and extension of the Fifth Ward Market.

WHEREAS, It is desirable that the present Market House in the Fifth Ward should be rebuilt and enlarged for the greater accommodation of the citizens of the Fifth and Ninth Wards of the city: therefore,

Be it enacted by the Mayor, Aldermen and citizens of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Council assembled, That, whenever the citizens of said wards shall subscribe the amount necessary for rebuilding the present market house, in said Fifth ward and for the purchase of any additional ground which may be necessary for the enlargement thereof, they shall submit to Councils, for their approval or amendment, the plan or plans on which they purpose to erect the same; and when the said plan or plans shall have been approved by Councils, the said subscribers shall appoint three of their members to act in conjunction with a committee of the same number to be appointed by Councils, who shall constitute a committee, to be known as the Joint Building Committee of the Fifth Ward market, whose duty it shall be to carry out the provisions of this ordinance and to see that the said market is erected in conformity with the plans approved of by Councils.

SEC. 2. Said Committee shall be appointed to act until the first regular meeting of councils in January, 1868, or until their successors shall be duly appointed; and during the month of January, in each year thereafter, the Councils and the said subscribers shall appoint a Committee to hold their offices and execute the duties hereinbefore until their successors shall be duly appointed.

SEC. 3. Said subscribers shall be authorized to erect a new Market House on the ground now occupied for that purpose, and to purchase additional ground if the plans if the plans approved by councils shall require it. All contracts for the purchase of grounds and for the work and the said subscribers shall appoint a Committee to hold their offices and execute the duties hereinbefore until their successors shall be duly appointed.

SEC. 4. If any additional ground shall be purchased for said buildings or market purposes, the title to the same shall be made to the Mayor, Aldermen and citizens of Pittsburgh, and the property shall be vested in said Mayor, Aldermen and citizens of Pittsburgh, subject to the provisions of this ordinance, and upon the fulfillment of the conditions herein provided, shall become vested in said Mayor, Aldermen and citizens of Pittsburgh absolutely.

SEC. 5. When said Market House shall have been erected in conformity with this ordinance, said Committee shall establish such rules and regulations for the government of the same and submit the same to Councils for approval or disapproval, and it shall be the duty of the Joint Building Committee to elect a Superintendent of said Fifth Ward Market House, whose duty it shall be, under the direction of said Committee, to take charge of said building, attend to opening, closing, cleaning and repairing the same, letting and shutting of the gas, collecting rents and pay all moneys so collected to the Treasurer of the Fifth Ward Market House Association, and also perform at other duties which may be assigned him by said Joint Committee.

SEC. 6. That no repairs or alterations whatever shall be made by any one excepting said Superintendent and only by him, by and under the special direction of said joint committee; and that the said superintendent, for all repairs and alterations made by him, shall produce his vouchers to said joint committee, which, when approved and countersigned by the President of said joint committee, shall be paid by the Treasurer of said Association.

SEC. 7. That it shall be the duty of said joint committee to establish the salary of said Superintendent, and to take bonds for the faithful and honest performance of the duties assigned him by this ordinance, and shall have full power to dismiss said Superintendent at pleasure.

SEC. 8. That the aggregate cost of the construction of the New Market House to be erected, including the cost of drawings, advertising, and other incidental charges and purchase money of any lot or lots of ground, shall be paid out of moneys collected and to be collected, and that the interest to be allowed to the subscribers on their loans for the building of said Market House shall be computed from the time the several installments were paid to the Treasurer of said Association, and that the said Joint Committee shall issue to said subscribers certificates of stock, or such other evidences of indebtedness for their subscriptions as they may deem right and proper. And the Treasurer of said Fifth Ward Market House Association shall, after deducting the cost of repairs and other necessary expenses, shall pay over the proceeds of said Market annually, in the month of December, to the respective subscribers of said Market, in proportion to their respective subscriptions, until they shall be fully reimbursed the principal and interest of the amounts respectively subscribed and paid by them.

SEC. 9. That whenever the provisions of the eighth section of this ordinance shall have been fully complied with, the said Market, or Market House, with the grounds attached to the same, shall become the property of the city, together with the revenue and emoluments arising therefrom, and the duties and powers of said Joint Building Committee shall cease and determine.

SEC. 10. That the accounts and vouchers of the Treasurer of the Fifth Ward Market House Association shall be exhibited annually to the Acting Committee of Councils, under oath to be by them audited and reported upon in the same manner as the duly elected officers of the city.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this 25th day of March, A. D., 1867.
JAMES McAULEY,
President of Select Council.
Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
THOS. STEEL,
President of Common Council.
Attest: HUGH McMASTER,
mh27:w70 Clerk of Common Council.

AN ORDINANCE FOR THE Erection of Bridges on Side Walks while building Cellars.

Be it ordained and enacted by the Mayor, Aldermen and citizens of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Council assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That from and after the passage of this ordinance, when it becomes necessary to excavate the foot walk for the purpose of building a vault, the contractor, owner or owners of the property in front of which excavation is to be made, or caused to be erected, the full width of the lot, a good and sufficient bridge, of not less than six feet in width in the clear, and of the height, with steps at each end, so as to allow the free use of such foot walk or bridge.

SEC. 2. And be it further ordained, that owners failing to comply with the provisions of this ordinance, shall forfeit and pay for the use of the city a sum not exceeding five dollars for each and every day's failure, the same to be collected as fines of similar nature are by law collected.

SEC. 3. It shall be the duty of the Street Commissioners of the different districts, to enforce this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, 27th day of March, A. D., 1867.
JAMES McAULEY,
President of Select Council.
Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
THOMAS STEEL,
President of Common Council.
Attest: HUGH McMASTER,
mh27 Clerk of Common Council.

AN ORDINANCE authorizing certain firms to erect telegraph poles.

SECTION 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the Mayor, Aldermen and citizens of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Council assembled,* and it is hereby ordained and enacted by authority of the same, That the firm of Graff, Bennett & Co., and the firm of Joseph Graff & Co., be and they are hereby permitted to erect a line of telegraph poles from their warehouses on Cliff street, via First and Wood streets to Fourth street, to connect with the line of the Merchants' National Telegraph Company, and to place the same thereon, and also on the poles of said Telegraph Company: Provided, the poles be of a pattern approved by the Street Committee, and the work done to their satisfaction; and Provided, also, that the ordinances relating to the Fire Alarm and the Telegraph Companies be complied with, and that other parties may be allowed the use of said poles by placing wires thereon, on payment of a fair and reasonable rate for the use thereof. Provided further, that Councils reserve the right, at any time, to repeal this ordinance, after first giving six months notice to the parties named above.

Ordained and enacted into a law this 25th day of March, A. D. 1867.
JAMES McAULEY,
President of Select Council.
Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
THOMAS STEEL,
President of Common Council.
Attest: HUGH McMASTER,
mh27:w84 Clerk of Common Council.

A SUPPLEMENT TO AN ORDINANCE passed February 27th, 1865, granting power to locate horse and other wagons.

SECTION 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the Mayor, Aldermen and Citizens of Pittsburgh, &c.,* That the power granted to the Street Commissioner to locate spring and other wagons be, and the same is hereby extended to carriages and hacks standing or waiting for hire; and, furthermore, that it shall be unlawful for the owners of such Hacks or Carriages, or any of his employees, to leave said Carriages or Hacks and wait or assemble around the entrance to any depot, hotel or place of amusement.

SEC. 2. Any person violating any of the provisions of this ordinance shall be subjected to a fine of not less than one or more than five dollars for each and every offence, to be collected as fines of similar nature are by law collected.

SEC. 3. All ordinances or parts thereof inconsistent with this ordinance, be, and are hereby repealed.

JAMES McAULEY,
President of Select Council.
ATTEST: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
THOMAS STEEL,
President of Common Council.
ATTEST: HUGH McMASTER,
mh27:w9 Clerk of Common Council.

AN ORDINANCE relating to the extension of Pike street.

SECTION 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the Mayor, Aldermen and Citizens of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled,* and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the same, That Pike street be extended from Harrison street eastwardly across the lot of James Perry, a distance of its feet 10 inches to a point where said Pike street is now opened from east line of said Grey's lots to Columbia street; then bearing at 31 Columbia street and through said Pike street to Allegheny street, parallel with Penn street, as laid out by J. M. Fass, James Trimble and John Owens be and they are hereby appointed viewers.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils this 25th day of March, A. D., 1867.
JAMES McAULEY,

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS.

INVISIBLE

EMPRESS TRAIL SKIRT,

THE NEW SHAPE FOR

Spring, 1867,

IN

J. W. BRADLEY'S

DUPLEX ELLIPTIC

(OR DOUBLE SPRING.)

S K I R T S ,

The handsomest and most comfortable style yet introduced. SEE ALL FASHION MAGAZINES. Also, the New Sizes in PARIS TRAIL, PRIDE OF THE WORLD, and TIP-TOP STYLES.

FOR SALE EVERYWHERE.

AT WHOLESALE by all the leading Notion and Dry Goods Houses in Pittsburgh. Also, by Sole Owners of Patent and Exclusive Manufacturers,

WESTS, BRADLEY & CARY,

97 Chambers Street,

mh16-vd3wT NEW YORK.

EMPRESS TRAIL,

PARIS TRAIL,

PRIDE OF THE WORLD,

TIP TOP SKIRTS,

FOR SALE AT

F. H. EATON'S,

17 Fifth Street.

mh21

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

AT

JOSEPH HORNE'S & CO'S.

Having made a second addition to our already large stock of

SPRING GOODS,

We are prepared to offer inducements, both in price and assortment, in

Embroideries, Handkerchiefs, Gloves, Hosiery, Bugle Trimmings and Fringes, New and Desirable Dress Trimmings, Colored and Velvet Ribbons, Guipure and Cluney Laces, Real Thread and Point Lace, Buttons, all styles and colors, Corsets, Balling, Buckles and Belts, Ladies' Silk Purses, Fans, Ladies', Misses' and Gents' Spring Cloaks, Wool Hats, Alexandre Kid Gloves, Invisible Empress Trail Skirts, in Single and Duplex.

A large assortment of

Gents' Neck Ties, Scarfs and Bows, Suspenders, Shirt Fronts, &c. Morrison's Star Shirts, Spring Styles Bonnets, Hat Flowers. and Millinery Goods, Trimming Ribbons, Bonnet Ribbons, Hamb and Fan ?, All widths.

OUR WHOLESALE ROOMS, up stairs, will be found complete in all Departments. Dealers will find it to their advantage to give us a call. Prices as low as Eastern Jobbers.

77 and 79 Market Street.

fe22:no90

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78 AND SO MARKET STREET,

Daily Arrivals.

In addition to our stock of

NEW SPRING GOODS,

WHITE GOODS, EMBROIDERIES, LACES, HANDKERCHIEFS, SASH AND SUNNET TRIMMING AND NECK RIBBONS,

of every width and shade,

Best quality of SATIN RIBBON, all widths CRYSTAL, BLACK and AMBER TRIMMINGS, FRINGES and BUTTONS.

Full Line Alexandre's Kid GLOVES; HOSIERY and GLOVES of every description.

NEW STYLE OF HOSE just received for Ladies, Misses, and Children.

CORSETS AND HOOP SKIRTS, all makes.

A full line of GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS.

Country Dealers will find in our WHOLESALE DEPARTMENT, a full assortment at Eastern Prices.

MACRUM, CLYDE & CO.,

78 and 80 Market Street,

mh21:vt61

NEW GOODS

OPENING DAILY.

MACRUM & CARLISLE,

No. 19 *Fifth Street,*

Are opening daily

NEW AND DESIRABLE GOODS.

BRADLEY'S NEW INVISIBLE SKIRT for 1867.

LADIES' MATINEE, BRODE AND OPERA KIDS.

GENTS' PIQUE AND PLAIN KIDS.

PATENT PROTECTORS—for Ladies' only.

THE NEW FRENCH PAPER COLLARS and CUFFS are the latest novelty on 1867.

BEST FRENCH WHALEBONE CORSETS—all sizes.

GUIPURE LACES—new styles.

BEAD GIMPS AND FRINGES.

NEW LACE COLLARS.

Dealers Supplied

AT

NEW YORK JOBBERS' PRICES.

MACRUM & CARLISLE,

No. 19 Fifth Street.

fe23

BARGAINS

AT EATON'S.

GREAT BARGAINS IN

HAMBURG EDGINGS & INSERTINGS, JACONET " LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS, WINTER HOSIERY, GLOVES, Etc.,

All at Reduced Prices, at

F. H. EATON'S,

17 Fifth Street,

N. B.—CHOICE GOODS RECEIVED DAILY.

mh22:vt2

CARR, McCANDLESS & CO.,

(LATE WILSON, CARR & CO.,)

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS.

94 Wood St.,

(Between Diamond Alley)

PITTSBURGH, PA.

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS.

MOURNING GOODS,

At the new Dry Goods Store of

J. N. BURCHFIELD & CO.,

No. 87 Market Street,

BLACK BOMBAZINES;
BLACK FRENCH TAMISE;
BLACK FRENCH MERINOS;
BLACK WOOL DELAINES;
BLACK REPS;
MOURNING ALPACCAS;
MOURNING SILKS;
MOURNING SHAWLS;
MOURNING CHINTZES;
MOURNING CALICOES;
MOURNING HANDKERCHIEFS;
BLACK CRAPE VEILS;
BLACK ENGLISH CRAPE;

With a full assortment of

DRY GOODS,

No. 87,

NEXT DOOR TO THE SIGN OF THE "BIG BOOT."

mh26

ELEGANT

SPRING GOODS,

Spring Cloaks,
Spring Shawls,
Silks, Silks, Silks,

5-4 PILLOW CASE MUSLIN,

At 25c per Yard,

GOOD DARK PRINTS, FAST COLORS,

At 12½c per Yard.

HEAVY YARD WIDE SHEETING

At 18½c per Yard.

FINE FRENCH CHINTZES,

At 50c per Yard, at

G. SCHLEITER'S,

92 Market Street.

mh26:vt98

NEW GOODS! NEW HOUSE!

New House! New Goods!

WM. H. MILLER,

(Formerly of EATON, MACRUM & CO., lately of F. H. EATON'S,)

WILL OPEN

About the First of April,

AT

NO. 64 MARKET ST.,

WITH AN ENTIRE NEW STOCK OF

Trimmings, Lace Goods, Embroideries, Ribbons, Gloves, Hosiery,

And all GOODS usually kept in a

FIRST CLASS TRIMMING AND Notion House.

mh18:s

BOOTS AND SHOES.

SPRING STOCK

OF

BOOTS AND SHOES,

WHOLESALE,

At Greatly Reduced Prices,

AT

GEORGE F. KNOTT'S,

No. 100 FOURTH STREET,

PITTSBURGH.

FACTORY, Nos. 30, 32, 34, 36 and 38, HUDSON STREET, PHILADELPHIA, PA.

mh23:vt2

J. H & W. C. BORLAND,

Manufacturers and Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

MEN'S, BOYS AND YOUTH'S

Boots, Shoes, and Brogans.

ALSO,

WOMEN'S, MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S POLISH BOOTS, GAITERS, BALMORALS, & GUMS.

AT THE LOWEST PRICES.

City and Country Dealers supplied at New York and Philadelphia prices. Give us a call before purchasing elsewhere, at No. 98 MARKET STREET, 2d door from Fifth at Branch House, 153 Main St., Salem, O. mh24

COOPER FIELDING.....JOHN FIELDING.

C. FIELDING & BRO.,

Manufacturers and Dealers in

Custom Made BOOTS, SHOES & GAITERS,

No. 140 Ohio St., Allegheny.

Repairing promptly executed on the shortest notice. mh23:vt98

PLUMBING, GAS FITTING.

WM. HERLEHY.....R. JOHNSON.

HERLEHY & JOHNSON,

PRACTICAL

Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters,

FIFTH STREET EXTENSION,

Pittsburgh, Pa.

All orders by mail executed satisfactorily and promptly attended to.

A full line of Bath Tubs, Pumps, Basins, Water Closets, Sinks, Chandeliers, Pendants, and Gas Shades for sale at the most reasonable prices.

Orders from country patrons by mail promptly attended to.

Gum Hose of every description. jc23:d93

BAILIFF, BROWN & CO.,

No. 55 Federal St.,

ALLEGHENY CITY, Pa.,

MACRUM & CARLISLE,

No. 19 Fifth Street.

fe23

BARGAINS

AT EATON'S.

GREAT BARGAINS IN

HAMBURG EDGINGS & INSERTINGS, JACONET " LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS, WINTER HOSIERY, GLOVES, Etc.,

All at Reduced Prices, at

F. H. EATON'S,

17 Fifth Street,

N. B.—CHOICE GOODS RECEIVED DAILY.

mh22:vt12

CARR, McCANDLESS & CO.,

(LATE WILSON, CARR & CO.,)

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS.

94 Wood St.,

(Between Diamond Alley)

PITTSBURGH, PA.

BUSINESS CHANGES.

THE PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing under the name of MARSHALL, FULTON & BOLLMAN,

Was Dissolved January 1st, 1867,

BY MUTUAL CONSENT,

A. M. MARSHALL disposing of his interest in said firm to the remaining parties, who will continue the business at the old stand, 115 and 113 WATER STREET.

A. M. MARSHALL,
E. M. FULTON,
H. H. BOLLMAN.

mh13:vt8

I HAVE THIS DAY ASSOCIATED with me JOHN H. BOYES and JOHN SNABLE in the Manufacture and dealing in Carbon Oil Lamps, Lamp Goods, Chandeliers and all kinds of Glassware. The business will be conducted as heretofore, under the firm name and style of JOHN ROSS & CO.

JOHN ROSS.

—Will remove April 1st to No. 43 Wood street. mh15:vt9

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 27, 1867.

Report of the the Fire Marshal.

On Monday N. Grattan Murphy, Esq., presented to the Judges of the Court of Common Pleas, his third annual report as Fire Marshal of the County of Allegheny. Our crowded columns yesterday compelled us to omit the report. Below we give extracts therefrom. The Court, after complimenting Mr. Murphy, re-appointed him Fire Marshal, a compliment well earned by his careful performance of his duties. Mr. Murphy says:

Since the 26th of March, 1866, the date of my last report, there has been an aggregate loss arising from fires within the county of Allegheny either wholly or partially destroyed, as $854,943, and the amount of loss paid or adjusted, to be paid was $450,763. During that period the number of fires that have occurred was 78; the number of alarms from same 71, and that from false alarms 37.

The following is a comparative statement of the aggregate losses by fire, amount of insurance and amount paid:

	Gross Loss.	Amount of Ins.	Amount of Ins. Pd.
For the year ending March 26, 1867	$590,375	$384,943	$450,763
For the year ending March 26, 1866	740,123	878,603	838,614
Increase	$149,748	$493,660	$387,851
Decrease			

The Marshal congratulates the community upon its comparative freedom from disastrous fires. Concerning the Alarm Telegraph he says:

"It affords me great satisfaction to state that we have now in operation, in the City of Pittsburgh, perhaps one of the most complete and effective fire alarms in the United States, erected by Messrs. Gamewell, Kennard & Co., of New York, by whom it was handed over to the city authorities on the 10th of November last, when it was publicly tested, and since which date it has proved to be an entire success. Great credit is due to the Committee of Councils, William R. Brown, John H. Hare and William N. Ogden, for their zeal and energy in securing its early completion, as well as for the sound judgment manifested by them in adopting so excellent and reliable a system.

He speaks very urgently concerning the insufficient supply of water and condemns anew the faulty construction of buildings, urging the appointment of a competent inspector of buildings. He speaks as follows concerning fires from explosive oils:

The number of fires and casualties resulting from the use of carbon oils, during the last year, in various parts of the country, has been large, occasioning the loss of many lives and much valuable property. Carbon oils for illuminating purposes which do not ignite at a less temperature than from 110 to 115 degrees, are considered by scientific men to be safe. Out of fifteen samples of some of the best brands of refined American petroleum that were submitted to proper tests by Dr. John Attfield, chemist, in the Government London chemist, the igniting point of vapor, in an open cup, consisting of 14 such samples, was between 80 and 105 degrees Fahrenheit and in eleven, it was between 80 and 98 degrees, the remaining one not igniting below 134 degrees. As oils of the highest test are selected for exportation, I am inclined to believe that a large amount of those retained for home consumption, judging from the daily casualties occurring from their use, will ignite at a very low temperature. In view of these facts, I am constrained to think the use of all mineral oils that ignite at a less temperature than from 110 to 115 degrees, and all dangerous burning fluids, by whatever name they may be known, should be prohibited by legislative enactment, under severe penalties and penalties. Some of these fluids are composed almost wholly of benzole. Benzole is one of the first distillations from crude petroleum, and is the most volatile and dangerous of them all. Large quantities of this article are purchased in this market at a very low price, (it scarcely having any commercial value,) by the refiners running large amounts of it into the river, as it will scarcely pay the expense of barreling), and shipped to some eastern city, where it is manipulated by unscrupulous persons, and by the addition of a little coloring matter and an attractive name, such as "Paragon oil," "non-explosive fluid," &c., &c., it is sold to the credulous and unwary at from 50 cts. to $1 per gallon.

Mr. Murphy alludes also to the prevalent crime of incendiarism, and regrets that all efforts so far have failed to bring the perpetrators of the late fires to justice. He urges more care and attention upon the part of the agents and assistants of the underwriters in insuring premises, and concludes his able report by returning thanks to the Fire Department generally, and to S. T. Paisley, Esq., Superintendent of the Alarm Telegraph, for assistance rendered him.

A Louisville Poet Tetlet'h of the Great Republic.

The Louisville *Democrat* has upon its staff a poetical "cuss" who imortalizes the "Great Republic" in the most feeling manner. His "coal" is about as fine a piece of composition as we have ever read, and so long as such a genius is running loose, Pittsburgh boat builders will suffer similar inflictions of "hot, burning verse."

Here it is, in Louisville measure:

I'LE GIT A BORED

And talk a peap at yure yaller kabin. Geeruslyum!

But ain't it splendid! It must have cost A heep uv dollars, in gut on awl that glidin! And thoas shandyleers, about a dozen Uv 'em, lookin' like solidd gold, only Reour so.

Whot grandir! Whot magnifisense! How like sum gaspiu pallis we read uv In fary tails! And when nite cums, And all thoas splendid shandyleers Are lited up, and frum yure hundrid Lamps soft and subdewed lights are flashin forth,

And from yure band soft straines Of musiek flote upon the trembim' air, Whiletwinklin feet are gitdin' in the danse— Yet would look splendid! But time Krawls on apase, and with a si Uv deep regret I leve yer. But I hav sean Yure bades, and I kan nw dye contentl! I hope yule nevir sink, nor birn up, Nor git on a sanbar, nor bust them bilers, Nor git enny other axident happin tu yu! Majestick steemer, fairest uv the Lee.

You may talk about your Pittsburgh boats— they're good enough, 'tis true, But many a stately steamer floats that Pittsburgh never knew. This nine days' wonder was built there, but we have yet to see If the Great Republic can compare with the Richmond or the Lee.

Success attend her on her way, no jealousy we feel; Than Louisville no place can lay a nobler, swifter keel. 'Tis doubtful policy, at best, these monstrous wooden walls— But the fastest steamers in the West are built around the falls.

New Books.

DAVID COPPERFIELD. By Charles Dickens. With original illustrations. Boston: Tickenor & Fields. For sale at Pittsburgh, by G. W. Pittock.

This volume is another installment of an admirable edition of all Mr Dicken's works. The artistic embellishments and excellent typography, combine to make this the most enticing edition of the great novelist that has appeared in the United St. les.

THE GENIUS OF SOLITUDE. By W. R. Alger. Boston: Roberts Brobats. Pittsburgh, for sale by J. W. Pittock.

The physical and spiritual solitudes, as of individuality, of grief, of love, of occupation, of selfishness, of genius, and of death, are discriminated, and their dangers and uses depicted. Examples are added of the good and evil of solitude, in characters which have become historic. Though not written with profound philosophical insight, it affords a practical interpretation of certain phases of character which are highly valuable.

Ecce Deus. Essays on the Life and Doctrine of Jesus Christ. With controversial notes on "Ecce Homo." Boston: Roberts Brothers. Pittsburgh, for sale by J. W. Pittock.

This is one of the numerous responses, more or less distinct, to "Ecce Homo," one of the most able and inscrutible works which this century has produced. While to some extent controversial, it is mainly a re-survey of the Life and Doctrine of Jesus Christ. It is written in a fine style and in better temper than usually characterizes theological essays.

Serious Explosion.

Dr. A. W. Semple, a dentist in Steubenville, while engaged in vulcanizing a set of teeth at his residence, Saturday evening, received some very severe injuries from the explosion of the vulcanizer, several pieces of iron cutting him about the face and mouth severely, but not dangerously. Medical aid was summoned immediately, and we are pleased to state that the Doctor is doing as well as could be expected this morning. The Doctor at the time of the accident was working with the boiler, and fortunately was standing at the side of the apparatus at the time of the explosion; had he been leaning over it, he would not have escaped with his life, as the top of the boiler was blown through the floor above, into the garret.

Where's the Lumber.

Dr. William Badger, of Smithfield street, yesterday made information before Alderman McMasters, charging Peter Milvert and Isaac Bombery of Birmingham, with false pretences. The deponent is building a house on his farm on Charters Creek, Robinson township and hired the defendants to haul lumber. On the 19th inst, as he alleges they came and told him that they had hauled all the lumber except one load, and would haul that as soon as one of their horses recovered from lameness, meantime they would like forty dollars. The money was paid, but the next day the carpenter came to the Doctor and complained that no lumber at all had yet been produced on the farm. Warrants were issued.

Lucky.—The Beaver, Pa., *Local* says: John Ruffian, the old gentleman of Fallston this county, who recently became unexpectedly wealthy by the discovery of a valuable anthracite coal vein on some mountainous land in the Jacksonma district, which he had a few years ago abandoned as worthless, has sold his interest in the same for the sum of $400,000—$200,000 of which is to be paid him on the 1st proximo.

Which was the Mother?—The Fayette county (Ohio) *Herald* tells of a cat in that place that hatched out a couple of chickens, by making her bed in a box in which some eggs were kept.

Obeyed Orders.

Peter Wolf, the owner of a lot near the Allegheny river in the Fifth ward, made information yesterday before Alderman Taylor, charging Hugh Roney and Robert Carven, carters in the employ of Patrick Duffy a contractor on the Pennsylvania railroad with trespass. He alleges that the defendants have been in the practice of driving their carts across his lot going to and from the river. The Alderman asked the defendants why such conduct? They responded that Mr. Duffy ordered them to do so, and to keep going there as long as they could see the horses' ears for the mud, and they would have to obey orders, even if Mr. D. should order them to drive through the Alderman's office. The parties were reprimanded and discharged.

Alleged Burglar Discharged.—Wm. Patch, charged before the Mayor with having been one of the burglars who entered the residence of Felix Laverty, on the night of January 30th, had a hearing yesterday afternoon at four o'clock and was discharged. Mr. Laverty saw a man in his room and judged him to be about Patch's size, and was spoken of subsequently by a man in the hall, and thought he recognized the voice as Patch's. No other witnesses appeared.

A Further Clue.—Among the baggage of Maguire, the alleged burglar arrested on Monday, was a pair of boots stolen a short time since from Mr. John Moorhead. The boots were identified by Mr. Moorhead as his, Mr. Berry, of Wood street, identified them as the pair he had made for Mr. M. The name had been written on the inside of each boot top, but had been scratched out. This is a still further and more positive proof of guilt on Maguires part.

Took the Benefit.—Archibald Gilbreath, committed in default of the money to pay the costs in a fornication and bastardy case was yesterday released from jail under the insolvent act, having been confined three months.

Large Funeral.—Father William Byrne, who died at Corry on Sunday last, was followed to the grave by about 1,500 people. Father Byrne was a native of Kerry, Ireland.

Released.—Michael Kneeland and Patrick Dennigan, committed to jail by Alderman Taylor for malicious mischief, yesterday got bail and were released.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GREAT REDUCTION IN

BOOTS AND SHOES

AT THE

Popular Shoe Palace Emporium,

MENS FOR NAIL SHOES, FOR THE PIT OR MILL

ONLY $2 00.

We have made a clean sweep, and marked down every thing in the store

At Prices Beyond Competition.

JUST RECEIVING

NEW GOODS,

Of all the Spring Styles.

CALL TO-DAY FOR BARGAINS.

26 and 28 Fifth St., Pittsburgh.

W. B. CLAPP & CO.

mh22

PROVISIONS.

SUGAR CURED HAMS,
DRIED BEEF,
BREAKFAST BACON,
SHOULDERS AND SIDES,

CHOICE NO. 1 LARD,
EXTRA NO. 1 WINTER STRAINED LARD OIL,
TALLOW AND MILL GREASE!

I have stored a large stock of the above Provisions, which I am prepared to supply to the trade at the lowest market prices. Dealers will find it to their interest to give me a call before purchasing elsewhere.

JAS. LIPPINCOTT,

Pork Packer,

No. 23 Seventh St., Pittsburgh.

fe22:nu47

W. J. GILMORE.....JOS. LIEBLER.

GILMORE & LIEBLER,

Manufacturers, Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

TRUNKS,

Valises, Carpet Bags, &c.

A large assortment of Ladies' Satchels always on hand.

Nos. 104 and 106 Wood St.,

fe19:t64 PITTSBURGH, PA.

J. LOUGHREY.....ALEXANDER FREW.

LOUGHREY & FREW,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Saddles, Harness, Trunks,

and all articles in their line usually kept in first-class establishments.

No. 102 Wood Street,

(between Diamond Alley and Fifth St.,)

PITTSBURGH.

THOS ROBERTS.....EDWIN SHERRATT.
(Late of Roberts, Barnes & Co.)

ROBERTS & SHERRATT,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Tin, Copper, and Sheet Iron Ware,

No. 61 SMITHFIELD STREET,

Near Fourth Street, PITTSBURGH.

Have constantly on hand a general assortment of STOVES, Plain, Japanned, Pressed and Block TINWARE, Fancy Bird Cages, Cutlery, Scotch Miners Lamps and House Furnishing Goods in general, which they will sell Wholesale and Retail.

Prompt attention given to Roofing, Spouting, and all kinds of Job Work. mar2:n95

SOLE LEATHER.

Best MARYLAND OAK TANNED SPANISH and SLAUGHTER

Sole Leather,

In quantities from 100 lbs. up,

At Wholesale Prices for Cash.

Orders solicited.

JAMES W. JONES & SON,

CUMBERLAND, MARYLAND.

fe25:t73

FIRST CLASS LOOKING GLASS AND PICTURE FRAME MANUFACTORY.

J. LYONS,

No. 110 Wood St., Pittsburgh,

Keeps on hand and manufactures to order, the FINEST STYLE OF GILT, ROSEWOOD and WALNUT, OVAL and SQUARE MIRROR, PORTRAIT and PICTURE FRAMES, Curtain Cornices, Bands and Buttons, Tripod and Bracket Tables of exquisite design and workmanship.

GILDING AND REGILDING executed in the highest style of the art.

PRICES MODERATE. no8:n31mws

H. J. LANCE,

SILK AND WOOLEN

DYER AND SCOURER,

ALSO,

Chintz Window Curtains and Chair Cover Cleaned & Reglazed without unpacking.

Nos. 135 and 137 Third Street,

Between Wood and Smithfield,

my19:a72 PITTSBURGH, PA.

BUSINESS MAN'S

COMMERCIAL COLLEGE,

Nos. 6 and 8 St. Clair Street,

Has a Perpetual Charter.

Book-Keeping, Penmanship and Arithmetic, time unlimited.....$40 00

Arithmetic and Penmanship per quarter of three months.....20 00

Penmanship, per month.....8 0

For Circulars or Specimens, address

N. SHAFFER, or
J. F. McCLAYMONDS.

no30:wvf

H. B. LYON,

Sealer of Weights and Measures.

Office: No. 39 MARKET STREET,

PITTSBURGH.

PITTSBURGH NURSERY AND

GARLAND GREENHOUSE.—JOHN S. & MURDOCH, (successors to John Murdoch, Jr.,) NURSERYMEN AND FLORISTS, Pittsburgh, Pa., solicit attention to their extensive stock of Fruit and Ornamental Trees, Evergreens, Grape Vines and Greenhouse Plants. Pittsburgh and Oakland Passenger Cars run to the greenhouses every fifteen minutes.

[mh30:d3mwf

COTTON.—21 bales now landing from steamer Silver Lake. For sale by ISAIAH DICKEY & CO.

mh22

SPECIAL NOTICES.

A CARD TO INVALIDS.

A Clergyman, while residing in South America as a missionary, discovered a safe and simple remedy for the Cure of Nervous Weakness, Early Decay, Diseases of the Urinary and Seminal Organs, and the whole train of disorders brought on by baneful and vicious habits. Great numbers have been already cured by this noble remedy. Prompted by a desire to benefit the afflicted and unfortunate, I will send the recipe for preparing and using this medicine, in a sealed envelope, to any one who needs it, FREE OF CHARGE. Please enclose a post-paid envelope addressed to yourself.

Address JOSEPH T. INMAN,
Station D, Bible House, N. Y. City.

NEW PERFUME FOR THE HANDKERCHIEF

Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus."

Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus."

Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus."

Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus."

Phalon's "Night Blooming Cereus."

A most exquisite, delicate, and Fragrant Perfume Distilled from the rare and beautiful flower from which it takes its name.

Manufactured only by

PHALON & SON, New York.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.

ASK FOR PHALON'S—TAKE NO OTHER.

WM. BARNHILL & CO.,

BOILER MAKERS

AND

SHEET IRON WORKERS,

Nos. 20, 22, 24 and 26 Penn St.

Having secured a large yard and furnished it with the most approved machinery, we are prepared to manufacture every description of Boilers in the best manner, and warranted equal to any made in the country. Chimneys, Breeching, Fire Rods, Steam Pipes, Locomotive Boilers, Condensers, Salt Pans, Tanks, Oil Stills, Agitators, Settling Pans, Boiler Iron, Bridges, Sugar Pans, and sole manufacturers of BARNHILL'S PATENT BOILERS.

Repairing done on the shortest notice. fe8:t81

LAKE SUPERIOR

COPPER MILL & SMELTING WORKS,

PITTSBURGH.

PARK, McCURDY & CO.,

Manufacturers of Sheathing, Braziers' and Bolt Copper, Pressed Copper Bottoms, Raised Still Bottoms, Spelter Solder, Antimony, and Dealers in Metals, Tin Plate, Sheet Iron, Wire, Copper, Tin and Copper Rods, Mill Machinery and Tools. Warehouse, No. 140 FIRST STREET and 149 SECOND STREET, Pittsburgh.

Special orders of Copper cut to any desired pattern. myl4:d84:dwT

ROBINSON, REA & CO.,

(Success ors to ROBINSON, MINIS & MILLERS,)

WASHINGTON WORKS,

Founders and Machinists, Pittsburgh,

Manufacturers of Boat and Stationary Steam Engines, Blast Engines, Mill Machinery, Gearing, Shafting, Castings of all descriptions; Oil Tanks and Stills, Boiler and Sheet Iron Work.

Office: No. 12 corner First and Smithfield Sts.

Agents for GIFFARD'S PATENT INJECTOR for feeding boilers. ja11:n52

REMEDIAL INSTITUTE FOR SPECIAL CASES,

No. 14 Bond Street, New York.

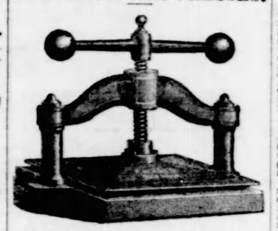
Full information, with the *highest testimonials*, also, a treatise on Special Diseases, sent in a sealed envelope, sent free. *Be sure and send for them and you will not regret it; for, as advertising physicians are generally impostors, a word of advice is no stranger; should be trusted. Enclose a stamp for postage, and address Dr. LAWRENCE, No. 14 Bond street, New York.*

no8:lo1:wF

THE GRAVEST MALADIES

OF YOUTH AND EARLIEST MANHOOD.—HOWARD ASSOCIATION, No. 2 South Ninth street, Philadelphia, Pa., an Institution for the Cure of the Sexual Diseases, and the Errors, Abuses, and Solitary Practices which destroy the mind and body of the young man, with Reports on new methods of treatment employed in this Institution. Sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa. ja1:vt64wT

LETTER COPYING PRESSES.



The subscribers manufacture and keep for sale, at Wholesale and Retail, a large assortment of

Letter Copying Presses,

combining tasteful designs with the best workmanship. They may be had, with or without Stands, at their Warerooms, or of the principal Stationers throughout the country.

R. HOE & CO.,

29 and 31 Gold Street, New York.

Illustrated Lists sent on application. mh27:w80

COOKING STOVES.

GET THE BEST.

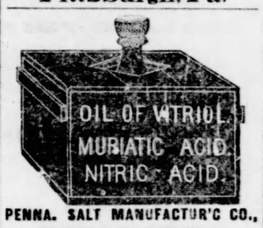
BISSELL & CO'S. TRIUMPH

FOR BITUMINOUS COAL.

No. 235 Liberty Street.

mh12:v19

PENNA. SALT MANUFACTUR'G CO., Pittsburgh, Pa.



PENNA. SALT MANUFACTUR'G CO., Pittsburgh, Pa.

SAMUEL M. WICKERSHAM

Iron Broker,

124 First Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Agent for the sale of Cornwall, Donaghmore, Josephine, Isabella, Duncannon, Stanhope, Glendon, and other brands of anthracite, Youghiogheny Coke and Oliphant's C. B. Charcoal Pig IRONS.

Consignments and orders respectfully solicited. ja15:t63

GEORGE BEAVEN,

Candy Manufacturer

And dealer in FOREIGN AND AMERICAN FRUITS, PICKLES, NUTS, &c., &c.,

No. 112 Federal Street,

Second door from the First National Bank,

ja18:n52 ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.

$25,000 TO LOAN

ON MORTGAGES,

In sums of $500 and upwards

Real Estate bought and sold

GEORGE M. PETTY,

ja29 Real Estate Agent, No. 13 St. Clair St.

PIANOS! PIANOS!!—An entire new stock of KNABE & CO.'S PIANOS, which are now considered the best made; also HAINES BROS. CELEBRATED PIANOS. Price from $300 upward. Persons in want of a first class Piano are respectfully invited to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere

CHARLOTTE BLUME,

ap21 No. 43 Fifth street.

---

10 BBLS. LINSEED OIL received and for sale by

GEORGE A. KELLY & CO.,
Wholesale Druggists 97 Wood street.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—Farm of 147 acres, situated in Penn Tp., Westmoreland Co., Pa., adjoining the Apollo Station, on Penn'a R. R., on which there is a good Two-story Stone House with six Rooms, a Barn, Carriage House, and other buildings; an Orchard of different fruit trees; it is underlayed with coal. There is a Saw Mill on it in good order, producing $10 per day. This property is offered very cheap and good terms.

Also, a Farm of 131 acres, situated in Conemaugh township, Indiana county, Pa., about 55 miles from the West Penn'a. Railroad, at Livermore Station. The improvements are a Two Story Frame House, with 10 Four Rooms, a double Porch and old Log Barn, Spring House. About 100 acres cleared, the nothing timber, and enough white oak, locust and chestnut. This farm will be sold very low, the owner wishing to go West. Possession immediately.

Also, an excellent Farm of 160 acres, of which 75 acres are under cultivation, situate in Christian county, Illinois. Improvements—a new frame dwelling containing 7 rooms; about 60 choice fruit trees, good fencing, &c. Also, within 2 miles of the Illinois Central R. R.; will be sold on reasonable terms. Any property taken in part exchange if desired.

Also, 10 lots in southern suburbs of Chicago, each lot 50 by 125 feet, in Archer's Addition to Lake. These lots lie one mile North of the junction of St. Louis and Alton and Michigan Southern R. R., and are on line of the Chicago, Rock Island and Fort Wayne and Chicago R. R., just 5 miles South of the Court House. Only 2 miles from Cattle Grounds, and will be sold for $50 each.

Also, a Farm of 212 acres in Penn township, Westmoreland county, 2 miles from Jacksonville, well adapted to coal, 82 acres of first-rate white oak and other timber, 2 dwelling houses, 1 of them 2 stories, the other 1 story, with a tenant house, with a first-rate Steam Sawmill in good running order; also, a good orchard of grafted fruit. The land is rolling; every acre is tillable, with a lime tone soil and sub-soil, with never failing springs; within one hundred rods of the Penn'a Railroad; 25 miles east of Pittsburgh, and three miles South of the Penn'a Railroad. This farm is pleasantly and delightfully situated in a good neighborhood; every acre is underlaid with coal. The title is good.

Also, a Farm of 116 acres, situated in West Wheatland township, Indiana county, Penn'a, about 3 miles from Iselin station, on the Pennsylvania Railroad. The improvements are, a good two-story brick house with 8 rooms; No. 1 frame Bank Barn, and all other necessary out buildings. The site is good, and the price very low, and terms easy.

For further particulars, enquire of

G. H. TOWER,

Real Estate Agent, 164 Fourth street.

fe28

FOR SALE,

A COUNTRY RESIDENCE,

AT SHADY SIDE,

On the PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD, within 20 minutes ride from the city. The house is entirely new, substantially built, convenient in its arrangements, and tasterully ornamented inside and out. It has hot and cold water, and gas fixtures throughout. It occupies a commanding site on a lot of five acres, part of which is the original forest, remaining in a beautiful state for fruits and vegetables. There is a thrifty orchard, and many fine trees.

The surroundings are all attractive, consisting of private residences of like character.

For full particulars, apply to

S. S. BRYAN,

Broker in Stocks and Real Estate,

a17 87 Fourth st., (Burke's Building.)

PUBLIC SALE.

5 ACRES IN LIBERTY TOWNSHIP,

The undersigned will offer at public sale at the COURT HOUSE, in the city of Pittsburgh, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 3D DAY OF APRIL NEXT,

At 2 o'clock P. M., a lot of ground containing five acres, in Liberty township, Allegheny county, Pa., it is situate on the Old Squirrel Hill road, about one mile from the Pittsburgh and Railway Station and about one-fourth of a mile beyond the residence of D. H. Fraileh. It fronts on the road about 194 feet, and runs back about 1120 rods. It has a beautiful building site on the road, and is very handy to the market. Title indisputable, and the terms of payment will be made easy. For further information refer to WHITE & SLAGLE, Attorneys at Law, 106 Fifth street, Pittsburgh, or to the undersigned, who will be found every morning at the Methodist Book Store, 65 St. Clair's on Wood street near Fourth.

Z. H. COSTON,

mh27:w99 Executor.

FOR SALE.

COAL LAND.

FOUR ACRES AND NINETY PERCHES of Coal Land, with pit open, in good working order, platform, blacksmith shop, office, &c., in Union township, Butler county, Pa., about 1 mile on the Pittsburgh Plank Road. Inquire of or address JOHN WATT, Pittsburgh. If not disposed of will be offered at public outcry on SATURDAY, March 30, at 10 o'clock.

Also, One Acre of Land,

Underlaid with coal, near the Washington Pike, two miles from Jones's Ferry. A substantial frame house, with eight rooms and kitchen cellar under the whole building, smoke house, outhouse, stable, and other outbuildings; a good well of water, with pump; spring in cellar; roll water fence around the whole property; a variety of choice apple trees, peach trees, pear, cherry, quince trees, grape vines, currant bushes, &c., all in bearing order. Inquire of SAMUEL L. LEWIS, on premises. If not disposed of will be offered at public outcry on SATURDAY, March 30, at 10 o'clock.

mh27:t83

FOR SALE, QUITE A NUMBER OF ACRE LOTS at Edgewood Station on Central Pennsylvania Railroad, seven miles from the City of Pittsburgh, ranging in price from $60 to $1,200 per lot, one-third cash; balance in one, two and three years. Also, a Dwelling and Brick house of thirteen rooms (old, but in good repair) and about a quarter of an acre of ground, at Edgewood Station. Also, a Dwelling at Freeport, one mile from Western Pennsylvania Railroad Depot. This property is suitable for hotel or boarding house purposes, and would pay to be used for such business. Price $3,000, half cash, balance in one year.

Forty-five shares (full paid) Pennsylvania Insurance stock.

A first class new residence, with three, six or nine acres of ground at Edgewood station.

Also, a Wilkinsburg thirty-three by one hundred feet.

Also, a large amount of property in various locations.

JOHN CROFT,

REAL ESTATE AGENT,

No. 139 Fourth Street, (up stairs.

**FO

PH. R. MERTZ,

Banker and Broker,

118 Wood St., near corner of Fifth.

All descriptions of Government Bonds bought and sold on liberal terms.]

London and Continental Exchange sold at New York rates.

Gold, Silver and Coupons bought at highest rates, and Gold Drafts issued on New York.

TO HOLDERS OF 7-30'S.

Having made special arrangements with **Jay Cooke & Co.,** Our correspondents, we are prepared to convert 7-30's into 5-20's of 1865, without charge.

Bonds on Hand for Delivery.

IRA B. McVAY & CO.,

Bankers.

CORNER FOURTH AND SMITHFIELD STS. ja14:3m

JAMES DALZELL & SON,

69 and 70 Water Street,

LARD OIL MANUFACTURERS,

And dealers in CRUDE, LUBRICATING and CAMPHOR OILS.

We Warrant our No. 1 Lard Oil equal to the best Cincinnati, or other brands, and propose to sell as low as Cincinnati or Chicago prices.

Our No. 2 Lard Oil as a Lubricator cannot be excelled.

Duck Creek Lubricating and standard brands of Carbon Oil constantly on hand.

Merchants and manufacturers will find it to their interest to give us a call before ordering Lard Oil from the West. fe28:130

PITTSBURGH PETROLEUM MARKET

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, } TUESDAY, March 26, 1867. }

CRUDE.—The market continues dull, and to some extent neglected, but prices remain unchanged, and there is no apparent pressure, on their side, to buy or sell. We can report a sale of 4000 bbls, for April, (40 to 46 gravity) at 6¾, and 35 bbls "Smith's Ferry," on the spot, at 6¾, bbls returned. We have no late advices from Oil City, but the eastern news is by no means very encouraging, and the same is true of the cable reports from Europe. The receipts of oil continue very light, and no material improvement need be looked for until there is more water.

REFINED.—But a single sale of bonded oil reported to-day—250 bbls, prime, light straw to white, 50c for August; 50c for September; 50c for October, and 50c for November—all at 28. For spot oil there is some inquiry, and in the absence of sales we continue to quote standard white at 22, on cars here, and 28, delivered in Philadelphia. For April, sales could probably be effected at 27½. Free Oil is quiet and unchanged, sale of 75 bbls at 40.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

Financial Matters in New York.

NEW YORK, March 26.—Money moderately active at 6@7 for call loans. Sterling very firm at 9½@9¾ gold for first class bills. Gold without change, opening at 33¾, and closing at 34½. Governments a shade easier. Freights to Liverpool dull, with engagements of 15,000 bushels of corn per sail at 4d.

Governments opened dull and lower, and closed firm with more doing. Regular '81, 108¾@108¾; Coupons '81, 108¾@108¾; Five-Twenty Coupons '62, 106½@106¾; Five-Twenty Coupons '64, 107½@107¾; Coupons '65, 107¾@107¾; do January and July, 107½@107¾; 10-40 Regulars, 97½@97¾; 10-40 Coupons 97¾@97¾; Pacific 6s, 1881, 103½@103¾; Central, 93¾@94. Railway market steady and dull at the open board, an t the Stock Exchange market; gained a quarter in the afternoon call, and more doing at the one o'clock board. The advance lost, however, became steady at the last open board. Border States bonds dull or on Virginia's and steady on North Carolinas; otherwise heavy and lower; Tennessee, 65¾; Missouri, 68¾; Virginia's, 46; North Carolina's, 40; do new, 39; Louisiana 6s, 70; Louisiana's, 45; do new, 39; Alabama 5s, 82; Alabama 8s, 90; Georgia's, 85; Davidson Coupons sold down from 1,50 to 1,70, the market closing at the latter rate.

New York Produce Market.

NEW YORK, March 26.—Cotton market firm; sales of 2,000 bales; middling uplands 31c. Flour—receipts of 5,479 bbls.; market 5c better and less active; sales of 7,500 bbls., at $9,50@10,00 for superfine state and western; $11,50@12,80 for extra western; $12,45@13,50 for choice do.; $11,80@12,75@13,80 for trade brands, the last quotation for fancy Ohio; Canada flour firmer, with sales of 1,300 barrels and sacks, at $14,75@15,75. Whisky quiet and unchanged. Wheat—receipts of 8000 bush.; the market opened quiet and firm, and closed dull and drooping; sales of 2,000 bush. amber state, at $2,50; 2,000 bush. amber California, at $2,31. Rye firm; sales of 8,000 bush. Canada free, at $1,40, and 2,000 bush. western, at $1,38@1,34. Barley firm; sales of 1,500 bush. Canada at $1,65 free. Corn firm; sales of 11,000 bush. and nominal. Corn—receipts of 17,328 bush; the market closed heavy; sales of 8,000 bush., at $1,17 for mixed western store; $1,18@1,20 for do. afloat, closing at inside quotations; $1,18@1,19 for new yellow Jersey. Oats—receipts of 2,000 bush. and firm, moderate and active; sales 4,000 bush., at 84@86c for western; 86@90c for new Ohio; 92@93c for State. Coffee firm and dull. Sugar quiet and firm; sales of 800 hds. Cuba at 10¾@11¾c. Molasses dull. Petroleum firm at 36½c for crude and 23½@25c for refined in bond. Pork heavy; sales of 2,200 bbls at 25,75@25,90 for new mess, closing a $25,50 for cash. Beef quiet and unchanged; sales of 200 bbls for prime and $24@25,75 for prime mess; also, 1,750 bbls new mess at $27,87½@31,75, sellers 30 days. Beef cattle, $7,50@8,50. Cut Meats quiet and firm; sales of 650 bbls at $11,50@ 90 for new mess, Indiana; $17,50@23 for new extra mess. Beef hams dull and nominal; 100 bbls at 28@30c. Bacon quiet; sales of 350 boxes at 18¾@18,50 for Cumberland, 11¾@ 11½c for short ribbed, and short clear at private terms. Lard firm and quiet; sales of 600 bbls at 12¾@13c for prime, 13¾@14c for hams. Lard firm and more active; sales of 1,800 bbls at 12¾@13c for new; included in the sales are 1,500 bbls, sellers and buyers' option, April and May, at 12¾@13c. Butter heavy and dull at 17@18c for Ohio. Cheese unchanged at 12@13c.

LATER—5 P. M.—Flour closed quiet and firm, at a slight advance on medium and good grades. Wheat dull and declining; No. 1 spring $1,70@1,75; No. 2, $2,45@2,53. Rye quiet, at $1,33@1,35 for western. Barley firm, at 90@96c for two-rowed; quiet at $1,65@1,67 for state and $1,18 afloat for mixed western. Oats steady, at 84@87c for old, and 66@76c for new western. Pork active and decidedly better, sales of 20,000 barrels of new mess at $24@25,50; closing strong and upward, with buyers at $24,15 for regular mess, cash, and $25,75 for April. Beef firm and active, with full prices. Cut meats very firm, with a fair business. Bacon fairly active and firm. Lard firm, with a good business, at 13¾@13¾c for fair to prime steam, and 13½c for kettle rendered.

Cincinnati Market.

CINCINNATI, March 26.—Flour is firm but the demand is less active, and speculators come out buying Superfine at $9,75@10,50 for winter; trade brands, $11,50@13,00, and family $14@16. Wheat firm, but quiet at $2,35 for No. 1 Spring, and $2,38@2,40 for White. Corn is firm and in fair demand at 75@76c for No. 1, in bulk, 80@82c, in sacks, embracing white, Oats firm at 57@58c for No. 1. Rye is firm at $1,45 for No. 1, and $1,47@ 1,48 for choice. Barley unchanged. Corn meal is firm at $3,25@3,50 for coarse, and $3,75 for fine. Provisions are unchanged, with no sales of importance. Clover seed has advanced to $9,90, and the stock is in the hands of two parties. Timothy is very dull and prime can be bought at $2,35. Flax is firm at $2,45@2,50. Butter is firm at 26@30c for fresh. Eggs are in fair demand at 16@18c. Cheese firm at 17@17½c. Linseed oil is dull at $1,45@1,50. Lard is more inclined to decline and steady. Gold, 135¾. Exchange is dull and buying at par. The money market is close

Chicago Market.

CHICAGO, March 26.—Flour held firmly; demand light; white winter extra $14,25@14,50; medium to fancy spring extras $11,25@13,00; Wheat unsettled; No. 2 spring, $2,07@2,08; winter and fresh receipts at $2,12@2,15; closing quiet at $2,12@2,13 for winter receipts; No. 1 spring almost nominal at $2,07@2,08. Corn dull and 1@1½c lower; sales of No. 1 at 90@91c; No. 2 at 88c; closing quiet at 90½ @90¾c for No. 1. Oats dull and steady at 43½c for winter receipts of No. 2. Rye quiet at $1,21@1,21½ for No. 1. Barley moderately active at 78¾@80c for No. 2 in store. Highwines nominal at 21½@22c. Provisions dull and unchanged. Mess Pork $22,50@22,75. Bulk Shoulders 9½c; loose clear sides 12c, Lard nominal at 12½@12½c for prime steam. Live Hogs fairly active and firm at $5,75@6,12, for common, and $7,00@7,50 for good smooth.

Philadelphia Market.

PHILADELPHIA, March 26.—Flour firm with a large home demand; sales of 10,000 barrels of north western extra at $8,00; State $9,25. Wheat; sales of fair red at $2,30@2,35; California at $3,25. Corn dull; sales of 1000 bushels of yellow at $1,10; Jersey $1,12½. Oats firm and in demand; sales of 2000 bush. at 85c. Provisions firm. Mess pork $24,00; sales of 3000 barrels of lards packed, at 13c. Whisky continues dull, $2,05.

New York Dry Goods Market.

NEW YORK, March 26.—The dry goods market is rather quiet for cotton goods and weak, although there is no pressure to sell. Oriental Prints declined to 17½. Sprague's Morning Glory style has been brought up rapidly at 20, although other makes could probably be obtained somewhat slowly at 19½. Standard Sheeting steady, and range in price from 10¾ to 21.

Baltimore Market.

BALTIMORE, March 26.—Flour quiet, firm and unchanged. Wheat firm; no sales. Corn; sales 9,300 bush at 95c for common white, and $1,00@1,01 for good to prime; 5 cars Jersey sold at $1,12½. Oats quiet; offerings light at 69@86c. Sugar unchanged; sales at 10¾@10¾. Provisions unchanged. Whisky heavy and dull.

Nashville Market.

NASHVILLE, March 26.—The cotton market is improved; sales of 362 bales at 31@32c; the stock on hand is 2,246 bales. Corn is improving; sales on the 25th inst. 2,000 bushels in store, at $1,00. Oats 70@80c. Hay $2@$50. Flour $10,00@$13,00. Bacon dull; small sales at 16c for sides and 13c for shoulders.

Memphis Market.

MEMPHIS, March 26.—Cotton firm and unchanged; Receipts 236; Exports 800. Other articles unchanged and quiet; business generally dull, in consequence of the weather.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

ALLEGHENY STATION, March 26.—300 bbls flour, R Knox & son; 2 cars wheat, W & J Sloan & co; 1 bag corn meal, S C McMaster; 1 car hay, 1 car corn, 1 do oats, Stewart & Langenheim; 15 sacks apple butter, M Wolf; 8 hides, Strackrath & co; 4 cars wheat, Kennedy & Bro; 20 sks oats, Cluney & co; 75 do do, 151 sks corn, Cooper & Lesser; 10 do do oats, S C McMaster; 19 do do, J C Richey; 1 car corn, James McKinney; 25 bbls flour, Hussey & A Carothers; 2 bags sponge, Shula & Danner.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD—March 26, 50 bbls salt, Rees & Mitchell; 2 cars hay, S Kerr & co; 1 car hay, 30 sks corn, Chester; 51 sks corn, Kennedy & Logan; 10 do do oats, W Bingham; 4 bbls eggs, 1st order, J H Copeland; 40 sacks oats, J Hazlett; 50 sks rye, D Wallace; 20 sacks oats, S Cooper; 30 sks oats, Adams & Austin.

PITTSBURGH ROPE WORKS.

MARSHALL, FULTON & BOLLMAN,

Only Manufacturers in the West of

HEAVY CORDAGE,

suitable for Steam and Coal Boats.

HAWSER LAID OIL WELL ROPE.

Tarred Ropes for Coal Railroads,

HEMP OAKUM AND PACKING.

CAULKING COTTON, &c., &c.

Warehouse, 114 and 115 Water Street,

Near Monongahela House.

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RIVER NEWS.

The river was apparently at a stand last evening with nine feet in the channel. The weather continues cloudy and cold, with indications of snow. Business was moderately active at the landing yesterday, the offerings of freight being more liberal, but there is still plenty of room for improvement.

SPECIAL NOTICE TO SHIPPERS.—The Argosy will leave Pittsburgh regularly every Wednesday for Cincinnati, giving through receipts to Louisville, Nashville, Memphis, New Orleans and all points on the Kanawha river, at the lowest current rates, making connection at Portsmouth with the Gallipolis with Kanawha packets, and at Cincinnati with all the other regular packets for points above mentioned. L. Vandergrift, Captain; W. H. Scott, clerk.

The Argosy got in from Cincinnati last night with a big trip, and will return again to-day as usual. The Maggie Hays, Capt. Hendrickson, is the regular packet for Saturday.

The Luella, Capt. Hazlett, will positively leave for the Upper Missouri good regions on saturday, and passengers and shippers can rely on this, and act accordingly.

The Columbus, from Nashville, arrived about noon yesterday with a good trip of miscellaneous freight. She has been a little over thirty days making the round trip, and having had to encounter bad weather and high waters, she was out probably several days longer than she would otherwise have been.

The Dubuque made a short trial trip on Monday, after which she came up to the main landing, and is now loading for Saint Louis and the Upper Mississippi. She is certainly a very fine boat, and will be quite an acquisition to the Northern Line, to which Company she belongs.

The following additional towboats have departed for below: Tigress, for Memphis, with five barges and two boats; Dart, for Louisville, with 17 barges and two flats; and the Wingle, for Cincinnati, with eight barges, If the water will admit of it the A. J. Baker, Little Bill will follow in protection out to-day. Reports from the Lower Ohio and along the Mississippi report coal scarce.

The Glasgow, Capt. Johnston, of the "Express Line" is filling up rapidly for Saint Louis, and will leave her berth in the Quicksilver; other stocks unchanged. Coal stocks quiet and steady. Steamship shares higher and nominal. Gold, 135¾. Exchange is dull and steady.

The Kenton, Capt. Dunlap, will be the first boat out for New Orleans, and the E. C. Grey, Capt. Wm. Anderson, is up for Cincinnati and Louisville. The Lochaire, Capt. J. G. Smith, is announced for the Upper Missouri good regions.

The Sherman, enroute from Pittsburgh to St. Louis, passed Cincinnati on Monday, full of passengers and freight. The Kate Putnam and Ezra Porter were advertised to leave Cincinnati for Pittsburgh on Tuesday. The Armenia, en route from New Orleans to Pittsburgh, was at Cairo on Sunday last.

The St. Louis Democrat, of Saturday, says: A whisper is heard of cutting down rates to the mountains; of a boat having agreed to take a load at 5 cts per pound; a rumor that the rates to points on the Upper Missouri under the government contract, believed by some to have been awarded at Washington to Wm. M. Fly, of this city, averages less than 5 cents per pound; and there is a number of boatmen whose names it is not entitled to mention, who aver that even 9 or 10 cents per pound is not enough. Some of our most experienced monmugh boatmen predict low water in the Upper Missouri this year. At all events about dozen steamers are hourly receiving freight shipments for Fort Benton and the interior.

The Louisville Courier, of Saturday, says: The Simpson Horner and N. J. Bigley have arrived from Pittsburgh with coal and iron. The former, after taking her low over the falls, went back to Pittsburgh with a fleet of empty barges in tow.

GREAT REPUBLIC ITEMS.—The Madison Courier, of Friday, says:

The Great Republic passed down about seven o'clock this morning. A large number of our citizens lined the river bank to witness her trial trip, and many more than ever. Her chimneys and jack staff were still down.

The St. Albany Ledger, of Friday, says: The Great Republic looked like a huge ark as she rounded the point. This great steamer which has been the theme of ever willing gossip for months, upon the western rivers during the past six or eight months, arrived this morning. We went on board and were shown through her by Capt. Henry M. Miller, of the Cincinnati Commercial. Her cabin is certainly the most magnificent piece of work we have ever seen on the western waters. It is constructed after the style of the North River steamer Daan Richmond. The furniture is of the most elaborate and costly description, corresponding in every particular with the surroundings. While the inside view is most elegant, we can not say as much for her outside appearance. It looks heavy, cramped, and decidedly rough. Any steamboatman could tell at a glance that she was built in Pittsburgh, and we still doubt his conjecture should he examine the inside cabin first.

The New Albany Commercial, of Saturday, says:

THE GREAT REPUBLIC.—What an appropriate name! The largest and finest boat ever built in the United States, and probably the finest in the world. Three hundred and thirty-five feet long, sixty-five feet broad, and a depth of hold ten and a feet, she sits upon the water like some half vast palace, and the Upper Mississippi, she is certainly a very fine boat, and will be quite an acquisition to the Northern Line, to which Company she belongs.

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ALLEGHENY CATTLE MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, } TUESDAY, March 26, 1867. }

CATTLE.

The supply of cattle was considerably larger than last week, reaching about nine hundred head, and with a diminished demand, the market was a dull one, though close were maintained; the demand for eastern buyers in attendance, and the butchers bought very sparingly, not taking as many as usual, and, consequently, a large number of cattle were left over unsold. Good to choice fat cattle, such as our best butchers are accustomed to buying, sold at from 8½ to 9¾c, gross, and fair to medium at 7½ to 7¾. There is a continued fair demand for stock cattle, and we continue to quote at 5½ to 6¾, as to quality and weight. Barney Gray was on hand this week had, we presume, expected to have bought several car loads for New York, but he was unable to get good cattle at prices he considered himself justified in paying. Myers & Needy shipped several car loads to Baltimore.

SHEEP.

There is a continued good demand for this class of stock, and if anything, prices are a shade higher. Haas & Kraus sold 100 head to Wm. Rodgers at 6c per head, and 17 at 6¼. John Reed sold, to same buyer, 51 head of Washington county sheep at 6¾ per pound. Thomas Shaw sold Hyndman & Carney 180 head. Lawrence county sheep sold at 7½. Eckert sold 38 head at 8.

HOGS.

The demand for Hogs continues light, and while the market is steady prices remain unchanged, ranging from 7½ to 8¼ gross, according to quality. Graham & Co. report for sold 34 head to Emerick & Co. at 7¾; and Palmeter sold 26 head stock Hogs to same buyer at 6¾. Emerick & Co. report having retailed about 150 head at 7½ to 8¾.

EXPORTED SALES OF CATTLE.

Lafferty & Sloss retailed 19 head for Heyl & Co. (7 to 8¾), and to their own account, at 5 @7.—55 left over. Verner & Hartman reported 30 head at 7½ to 8¾. Brackstock & Wilson sold 7 at 7½@8. Carr & M. Allister, 54 head left over. Haas & Kraus, 34 head, including 18 for W. McFadden, at 7½ to 8¾. H. Wilson, 7 at 7½@8. Carr & M. Allister, 54 head